

21 September 2022

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ASSAY RESULTS CONFIRM SIGNIFICANT COPPER MINERALISATION, NGAMI COPPER PROJECT

Assays returned highly anomalous copper and silver results- with drill hole NCP08 demonstrating potential for economic concentrations of copper within the target

Highlights:

- Assay results from the first three drill holes at the Ngami Copper Project (**NCP**) in the Kalahari Copper Belt (**KCB**), Botswana, have returned highly encouraging copper results.
- The thickness and grade of mineralisation intersected in drill hole NCP08 demonstrates the potential for **economic concentrations of copper** within the target:
 - **10.7m @ 1.3% Cu and 18 g/t Ag (1.5% Cu_{eq}¹)** from 136.2m to 146.9m downhole including:
 - **4.4m @ 2.0% Cu and 25 g/t Ag (2.2% Cu_{eq})** or
 - **1.0m @ 5.3% Cu and 39 g/t Ag (5.6% Cu_{eq})**.
- Furthermore, intersections at both NCP07 and NCP09, along with historical drill hole TRD14-16a, all fall into the average grade vs intersection-width distribution expected in economic deposits in the KCB:
 - NCP07: 11.0m @ 0.5% Cu and 16 g/t Ag (0.6% Cu_{eq}) from 250.0 to 261.0m downhole;
 - NCP09: 13.1m @ 0.4% Cu and 7 g/t Ag (0.5% Cu_{eq}) from 108.2 to 121.3m downhole; and
 - TRD14-16a: 2.0m @ 1.8% Cu and 8 g/t Ag (1.9% Cu_{eq}) from 171.2 to 173.2m downhole.
- In addition to the quoted intersections, drill holes have also intersected a broad low-grade zone which provides significant encouragement of the volume of copper in the system:
 - NCP07: ~ 35m averaging between 0.05 – 0.1% Cu;
 - NCP08: ~ 56m averaging between 0.05 – 0.1% Cu; and

¹ Calculated at current metal prices: 1g/t Ag = 0.0081% Cu

- NCP09: ~ 21m averaging between 0.05 – 0.1% Cu.
- Notably, copper mineralisation consists primarily of chalcocite which is ideal for beneficiation.
- Drilling will now focus on:
 - completing the 500m lateral drill spacing along the target which continues to return encouraging results with recently completed drill holes **NCP13 and NCP14 both intersecting visual copper mineralisation (chalcocite);**
 - extending the 4km target footprint to the northeast; and
 - further drilling to identify possible high-grade zones within the target.
- With results to date proving copper mineralisation within this unexplored portion of the KCB, further drill testing of additional targets in NCP is planned to start shortly after receipt of soil assays in the next month.

Commenting on these assay and latest drilling results, Cobre Executive Chairman and Managing Director, Martin Holland, said:

“We’re delighted to release the first batch of assay results which corroborate the visual estimates of anomalous copper mineralisation and the exciting district scale potential of this portion of the KCB. These results add weight to our conviction that this area is potentially host to one of the next big copper districts, and provides further validation for our current exploration methodology. The programme has now been significantly expanded as we start drilling for further high-grade zones within a broad footprint to include new targets in this emerging district.”

Cobre Limited (ASX: **CBE, Cobre** or **Company**) is pleased to announce the first batch of assay results for drill holes NCP07, NCP08 and NCP09 from its ongoing drill programme on Kalahari Metals Limited’s (KML) NCP licenses (**Figure 1**). Assay results corroborate visual estimates of anomalous copper mineralisation, with hole NCP08 proving the potential for economic concentrations of mineralisation (**Figure 2**). Furthermore, results broadly match typical grade vs intersection-widths from other economic deposits in the KCB which are typically biased to structurally controlled, high-grade intersections in a broader zone of moderate grades (**Figure 3** and **Figure 4**).

The ongoing 500m infill drill programme has now completed drill holes NCP13 and NCP14- both of which have intersected notable copper mineralisation at the expected target depth confirming the lateral continuity of anomalous copper results which extend over >4km strike².

² For full exploration results and relevant JORC table information, see ASX announcements:

- 9 September – Significant further copper mineralisation intersected.
- 30 August – Vertical continuity of copper mineralisation confirmed at Ngami.
- 16 August – Additional significant copper intersection at Ngami Project.
- 3 August – Third drill hole intersects further copper mineralisation.
- 1 August – Significant new copper intersection at Ngami Project.
- 27 July – Significant new copper discovery at Ngami Project.

The drill programme will now focus on completing the 500m spaced lateral coverage along the target and extending the target footprint to the northeast. A second rig will begin concurrently testing high-grade portions of the target (**Figure 5**). This phase of drilling will include eight additional diamond drill holes totalling approximately 2400m, and is expected to be completed by the end of October 2022.

In addition to the above-mentioned work programme, further drill testing of targets in the remainder of project area will commence when partial leach low detection limit assays are completed on circa 5,000 soil samples (**Figure 6**).

Future results will be announced when the planned drilling has been completed and assays received.

Target description

The drill programme at NCP has been designed to intersect sedimentary-hosted, structurally controlled, Cu-Ag mineralisation associated with the redox contact between oxidised Ngwako Pan Formation red beds and overlying reduced marine sedimentary rocks of the D'Kar Formation on the steep to vertically dipping northern limb of an anticline structure. Mineralisation consists primarily of chalcocite which occurs over a broad low-grade zone which often extends more than 50m from the redox contact with a higher-grade portion located directly above the contact. Mineralisation is expected to have local structural controls resulting in a variability in grade and intersection widths, with higher grade zones associated with dilatational trap-sites.

To date, eight drill holes have been completed, each intersecting significant copper mineralisation which extends sub-vertically under 65 – 75m of Kalahari Group cover over a > 4km strike length.

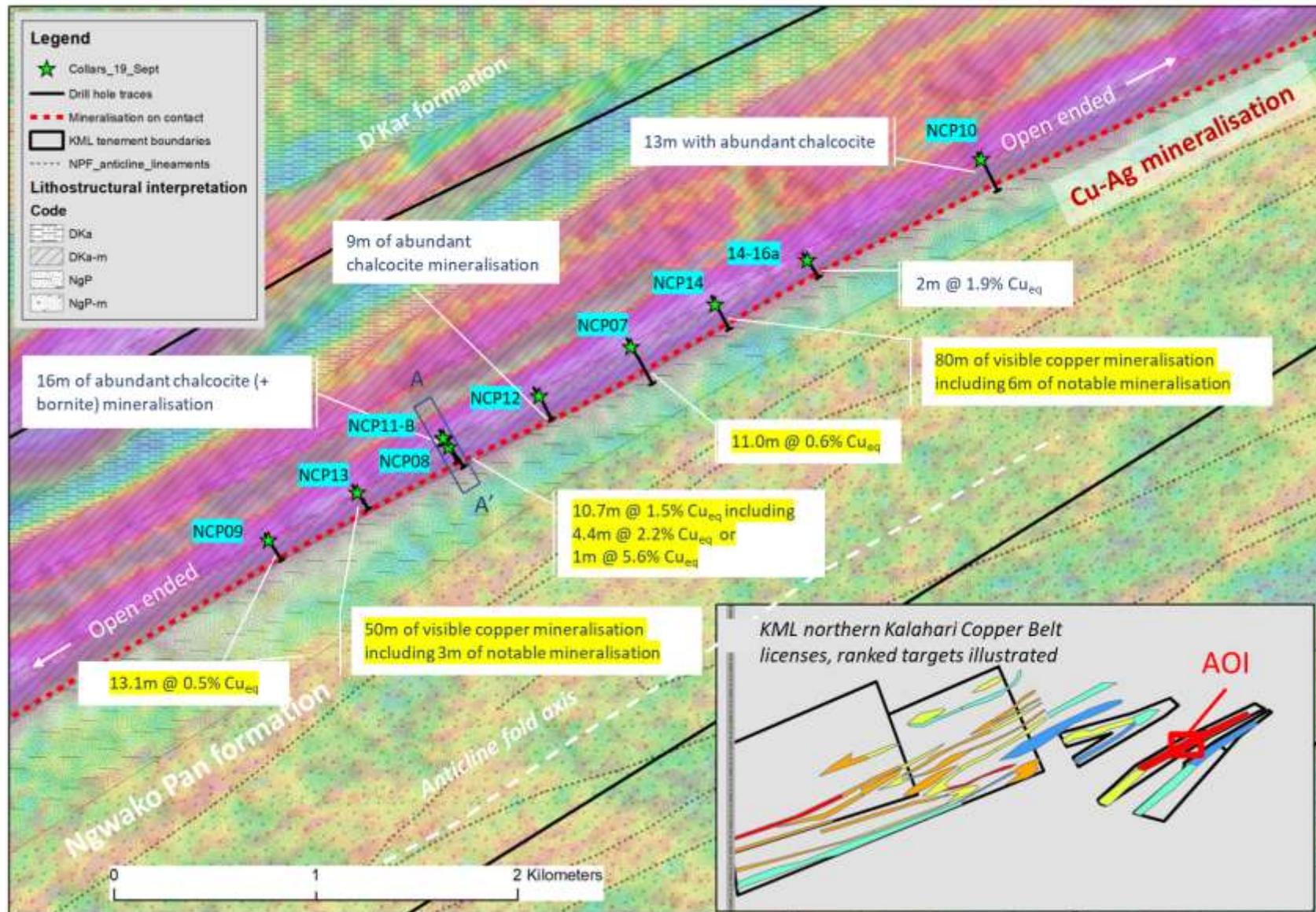


Figure 1. Plan map illustrating completed drill holes on magnetic imagery. Assay results and recent drill intersections highlighted. Section position A-A' is illustrated in Figure 2.

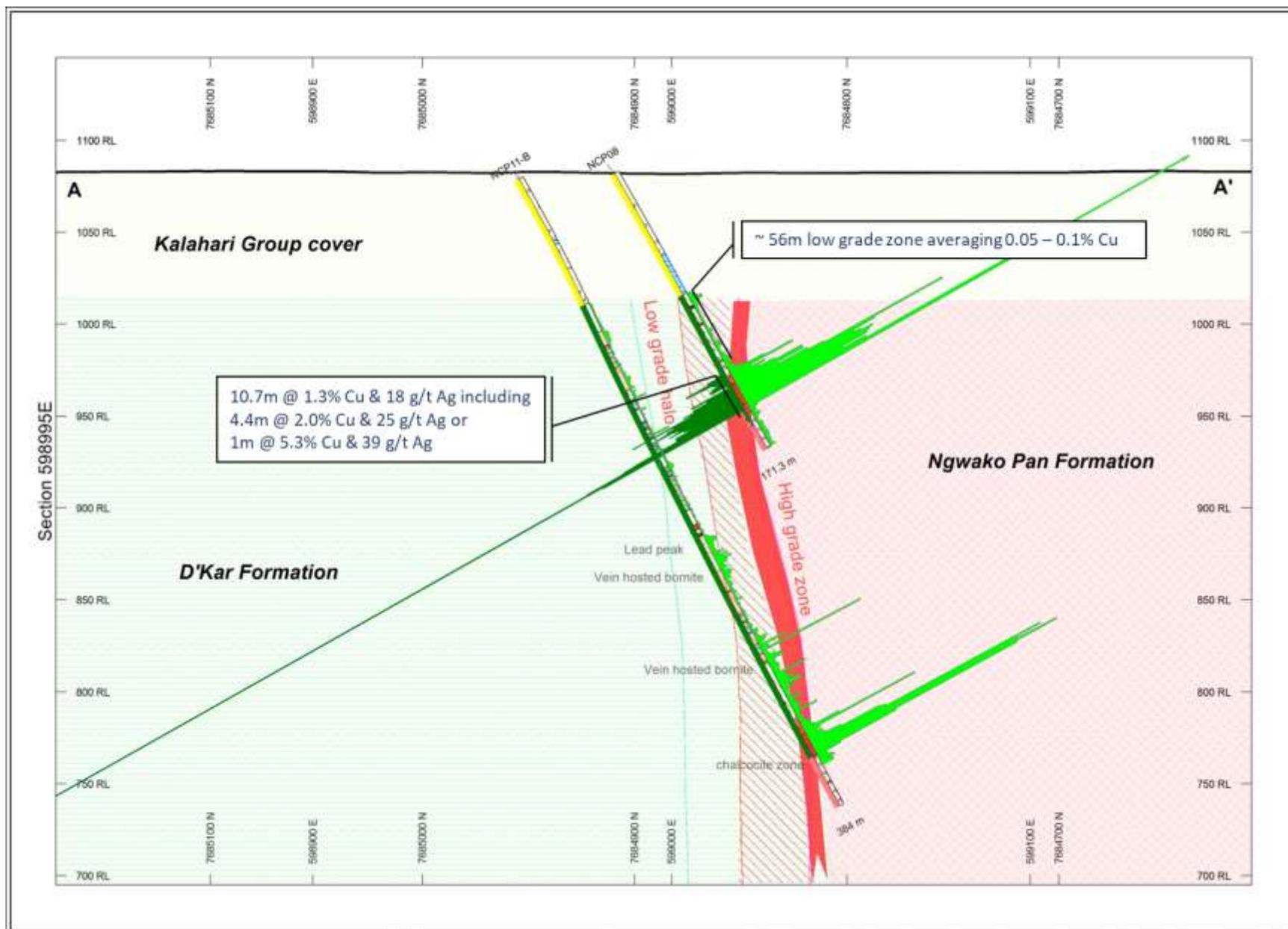


Figure 2. Section through drill holes NCP08 and NCP11b. Assay results illustrated graphically in dark green, pXRF results illustrated in light green at the same scale. Assay results for NCP11b are still pending.

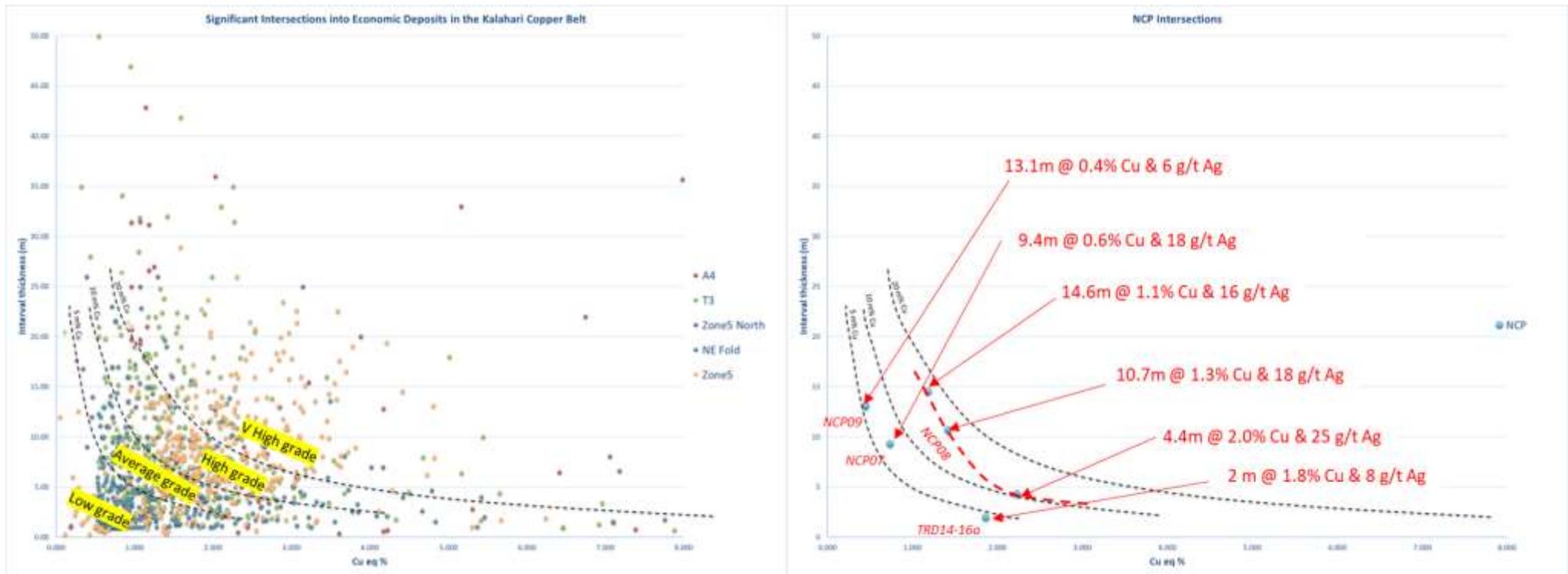


Figure 3. (left) Grade vs intersection thickness plot for published intersections from five of the economic deposits in the KCB³. (right) Grade vs intersection plot for the NCP drill results to date. Note the grade variability across known deposits and the comparable grade thickness intersections at NCP. Based on intersection results, NCP07 would fall into the average grade category, NCP09 and TRD14-16a on the boundary between average and low grade and NCP08 comfortably in the high-grade category. Importantly the NCP drill results to date are within the expected intersection grade thickness distribution of other KCB deposits.

³ Drill intersections have been derived from press releases from Hana Mining (pre-2012), Khoemacau investor presentations and press releases (2014 – 2019), Mod Resources (pre-2019) and Sandfire Resources (2020-2021). Cu equivalent has been calculated at current copper and silver prices.

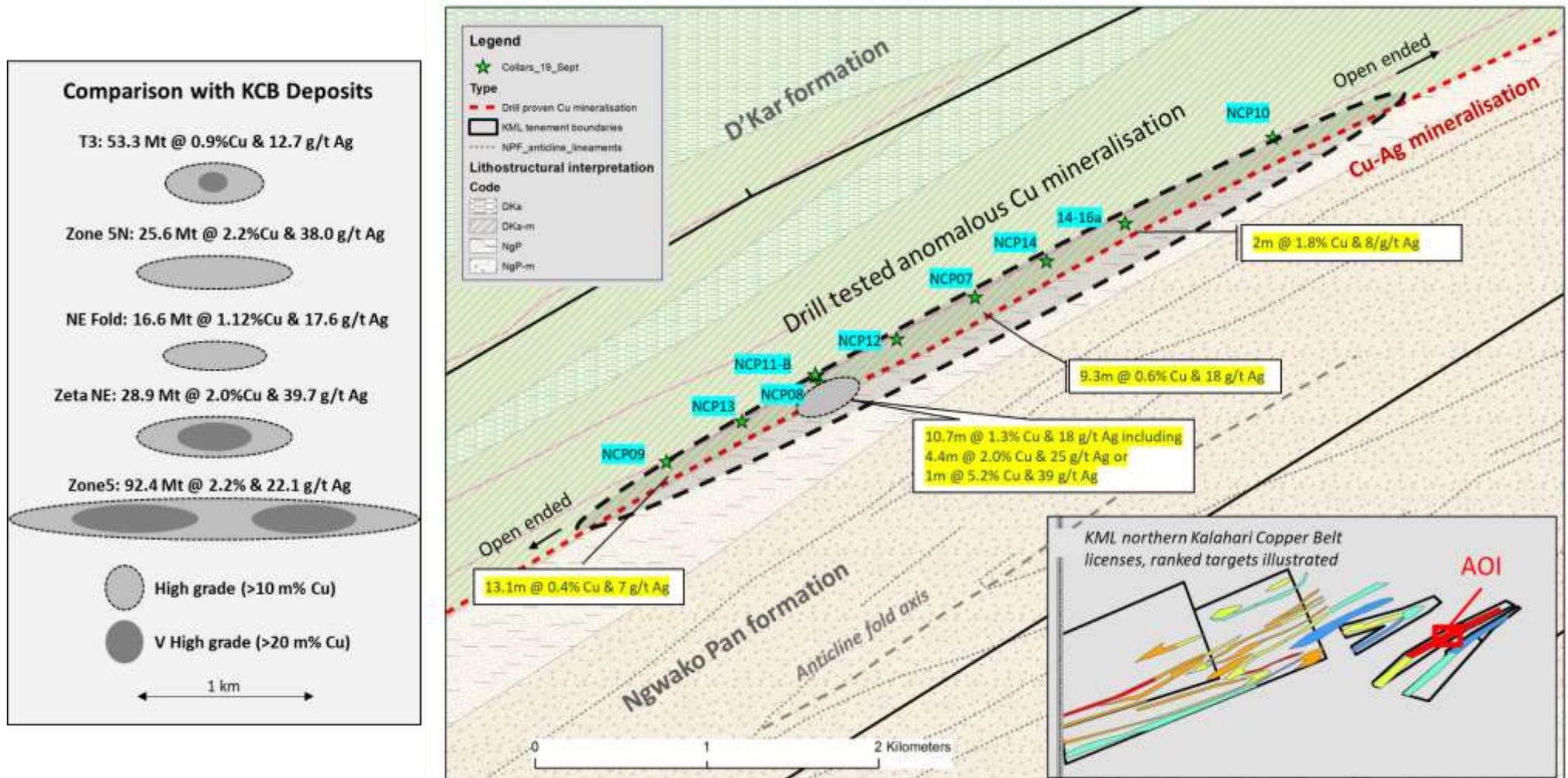


Figure 4. Schematic comparison illustrating the size of the higher-grade portions of KCB deposits against the NCP target. From the assay results received to date, NCP08 would plot in the high-grade portion with NCP07, NCP09 and TRD14-16a plotting in the average and average to low grade zones. The comparison demonstrates the significant potential for discovery of economic scale mineralisation both within and along strike of the target.⁴

⁴ Deposit sizes and grades estimated from published drill hole results, cross-sections and long-sections – see <https://www.khoemacau.com/> and <https://www.sandfire.com.au/>.

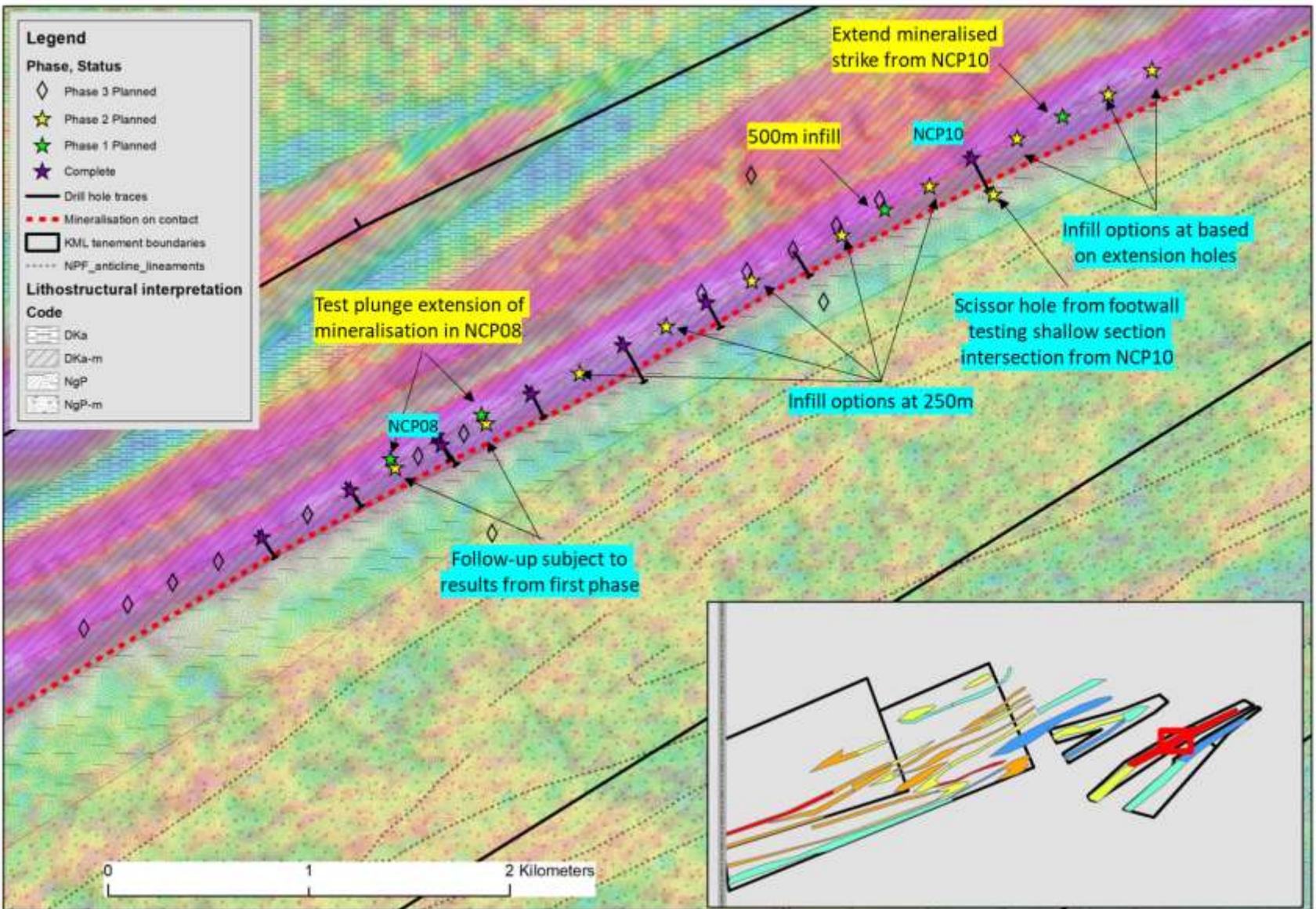


Figure 5. Ongoing drill plan overlain on magnetic imagery. Drilling will initially focus on completing the 4 Phase 1 diamond holes (highlighted yellow) after which 4 additional holes will be selected for Phase 2 (highlighted blue).

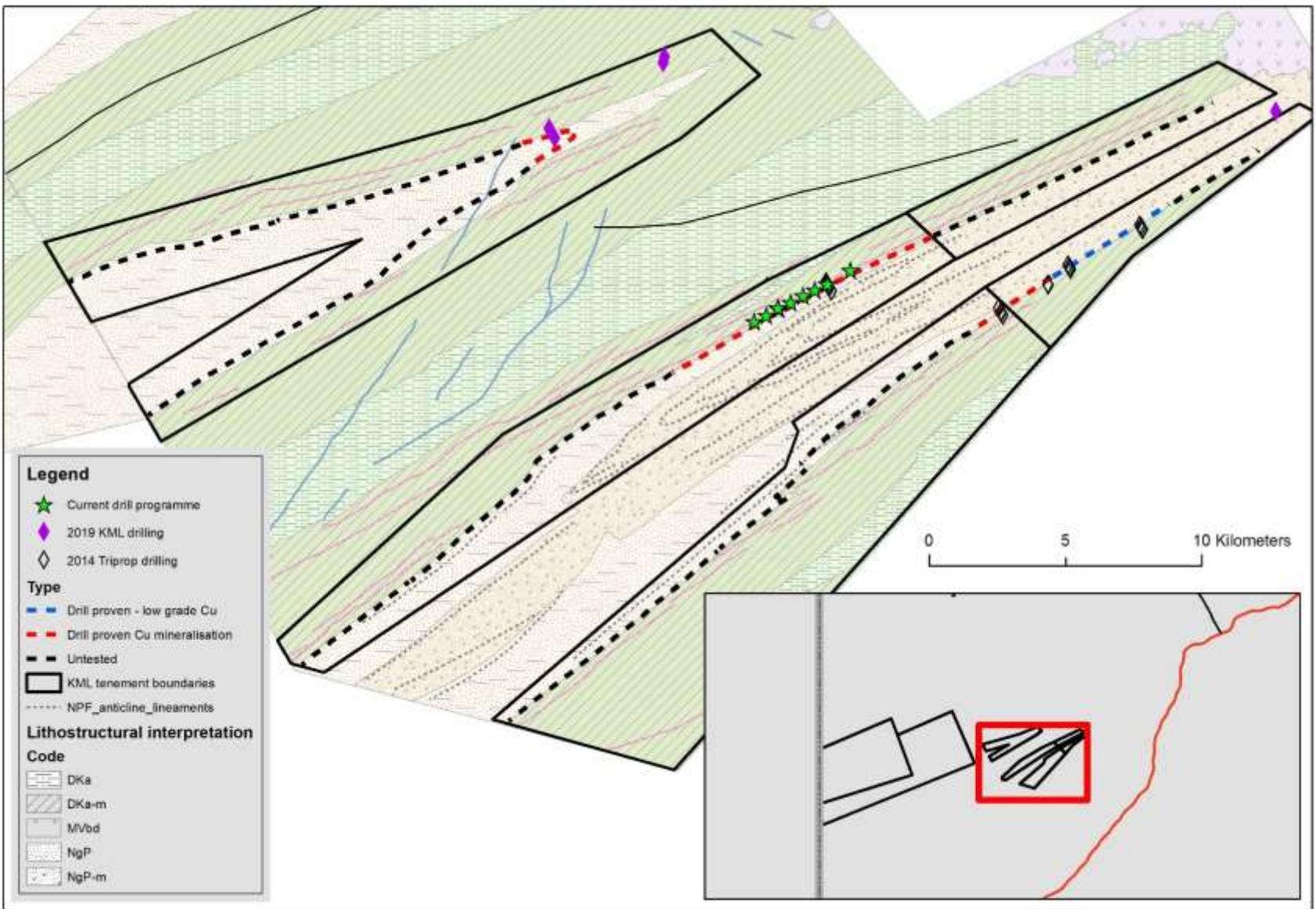


Figure 6. NCP prospective untested contact on interpreted lithology illustrating blue sky potential of the project. Forthcoming soil sample assays will be used to prioritise areas for target drill testing.

Sample methodology

Based on logging and pXRF assessment of the drill core, a total of 140m of core was selected for core cutting and subsequent sampling and analysis from 3 boreholes (NCP07-NCP09). A total of 163 primary samples were taken at specific intervals as half core samples. For QAQC purposes, 5% of these samples were duplicated in the field (e.g. quarter core), and the lab was instructed to conduct pulp duplicates (2.5%) and coarse crush duplicates (2.5%). Additionally, 5% of suitable CRM material, and 5% coarse crushed Blank material were inserted into the sample stream. The samples were sent to ALS Laboratories in Johannesburg for sample preparation (PREP-31D) and ICP analysis using a 4-acid digest (ME-ICP61 and ME-OG62).

QAQC

The analysis of the submitted and lab internal CRM's accuracy, precision and control charts is within acceptable limits for Cu, with two Ag result being outside of the acceptable limits. The discrepancies with Ag are being queried with the laboratory. The coarse Blank and lab internal pulp Blank results suggest a low risk of contamination during the sample preparation and analytical stages respectively. The duplicate sample data indicates that the results are representative and repeatable. In summary, the QAQC demonstrates that the analytical accuracy and precision is acceptable, and the results are deemed reliable and can be used for interpretative purposes.

Table 1. Drill hole collar information for the current drill programme, UTM34S, WGS84

Hole ID	X	Y	RL	Dip	Azimuth	End hole (m)
NCP07	599890	7685403	1080	-60	150	387.3
14-16a	600764	7685829	1083	-60	150	200.7
NCP08	598985	7684910	1082	-60	150	171.3
NCP09	598092	7684452	1081	-60	150	246.3
NCP10	601624	7686326	1070	-60	150	351.5
NCP11-B	598958	7684955	1079	-60	150	384.4
NCP12	599433	7685161	1084	-60	150	252.3
NCP13	598533	7684686	1086	-60	150	210.2
NCP14	600307	7685612	1081	-60	150	276.3

Ngami Copper Project (NCP) and Kitlanya West background

The NCP is located near the northern margin of the KCB and includes significant strike of sub-cropping Ngwako-Pan / D'Kar Formation contact, on which, the majority of the known deposits in the KCB occur. The project is located immediately east of KML's Kitlanya West licenses collectively covering a significant portion of prospective KCB stratigraphy. In terms of regional prospectively the greater license package includes:

- Over 500km of interpreted sub-cropping Ngwako Pan / D'Kar Formation contact which has been divided into 55 prospective targets across the KML licenses with 43 ranked targets located in the KITW and NCP properties;
- Strategic location near the basin margin typically prioritised for sedimentary-hosted copper deposits;
- Outcropping Kgwebe Formation often considered a key vector for deposits in the northeast of the KCB;
- Well defined gravity low anomalies indicative of sub-basin architecture or structural thickening (a number of the deposits in the KCB are hosted on the margins of gravity lows);
- Relatively shallow Kalahari Group cover (between 0m and ~60m thick); and
- Numerous soil sample anomalies identified on regional sample traverses.

KML is targeting analogues to the copper deposits in Khoemacau's Zone 5 development in the north-eastern portion of the KCB. These include Zone 5 (92.1 Mt @ 2.2% Cu and 22 g/t Ag), Zeta NE (29 Mt @ 2.0% Cu and 40 g/t Ag), Zone 5N (25.6 Mt @ 2.2% Cu and 38 g/t Ag) and Mango NE (21.1 Mt @ 1.8% Cu and 21 g/t Ag) .

This ASX release was authorised on behalf of the Cobre Board by: Martin C Holland, Executive Chairman and Managing Director.

For more information about this announcement, please contact:

Martin C Holland

Executive Chairman and Managing Director

holland@cobre.com.au

COMPETENT PERSONS STATEMENT

The information in this announcement that relates to exploration results is based on information compiled by Mr David Catterall, a Competent Person and a member of a Recognised Professional Organisations (ROPO). David Catterall has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC 2012). David is the principal geologist at Tulia Blueclay Limited and a consultant to Kalahari Metals Limited. David Catterall is a member of the South African Council for Natural Scientific Professions, a recognised professional organisation.

David Catterall consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

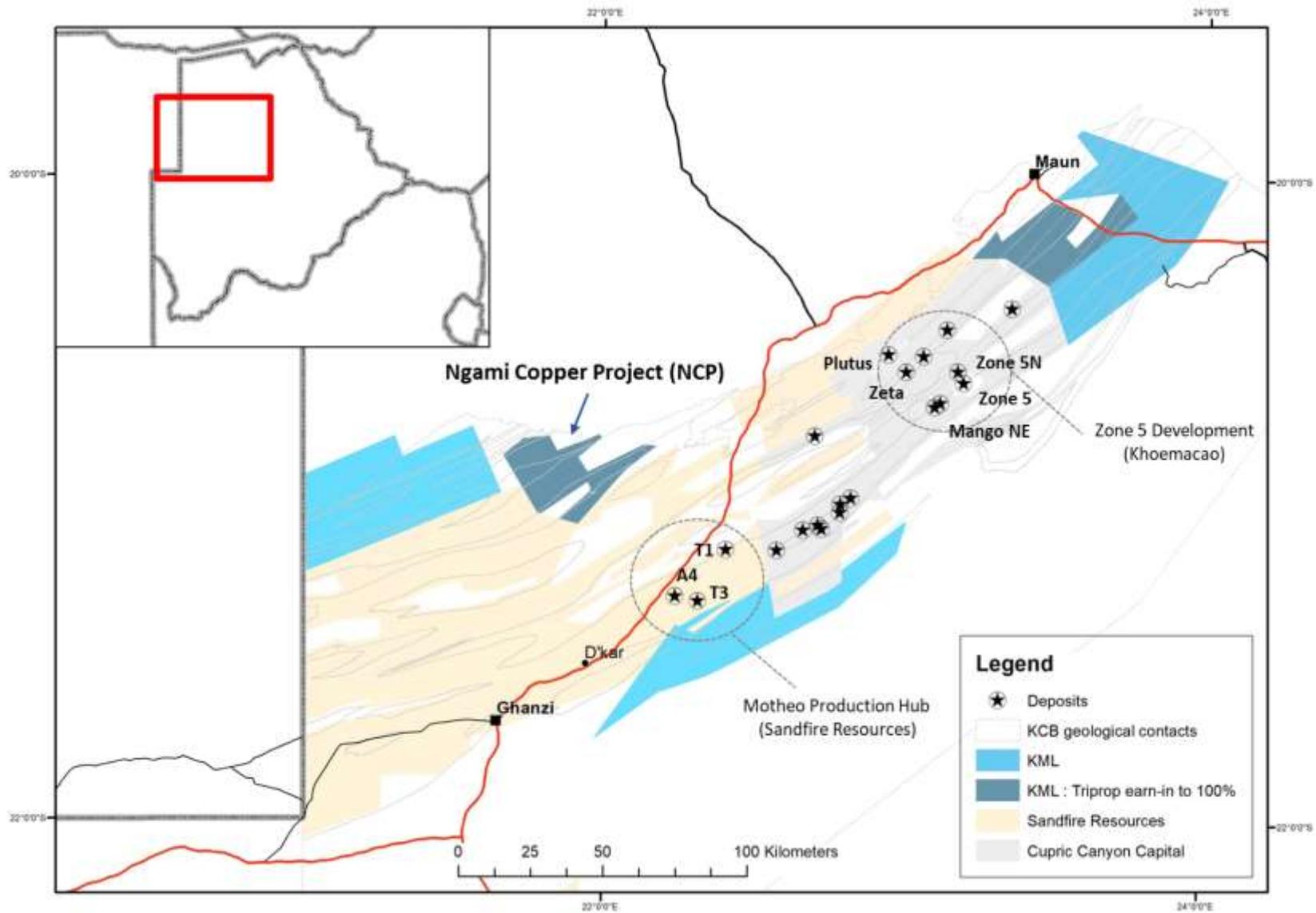


Figure 4. Locality map illustrating the position of KML's projects in the Kalahari Copper Belt.

JORC Table 1 - Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data for the NCP and KITW Projects

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections)

JORC Code, 2012 Edition – Table 1 report template

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Nature and quality of sampling (e.g. cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The information in this release relates to the technical details from the Company’s exploration and drilling program Ngami Copper Projects (NCP) which lie within the Ngamiland District on the Kalahari Copper Belt, Republic of Botswana. The first batch of sample results has been received. Quoted mineralisation is based on visual logging by geologists on-site with verification done using a handheld pXRF. pXRF spot measurements have been taken at 25cm intervals through sections of interest to avoid operator bias. pXRF measurements have also been performed on ground material collected at 1-meter intervals from cutting a shallow groove along the core. Results are intended to provide indicative numbers only. Diamond core drilling, half core samples are taken from zones of interest in the diamond core. Samples were taken consistently of the same side of the core cutting line. Core cutting line is positioned to result in two splits as mirror images with regards to the mineralisation, and to preserve the orientation line.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sample representativity was ensured by bisecting structures of interest, and by the sample preparation technique in the laboratory. The diamond drill core samples were selected based on geological logging and pXRF results, with the ideal sampling interval being 1m, whilst ensuring that sample interval does not cross any logged significant feature of interest.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Individual core samples were crushed entirely to 90% less than 2mm, riffle split off 1kg, pulverise split to better than 85% passing 75 microns (ALS PREP-31D).

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (e.g. 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases, more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (e.g. submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sample representivity and calibration for ICP AES analysis is ensured by the insertion of suitable QAQC samples. Samples are digested using 4-acid near total digest and analysed for 34 elements by ICP-AES (ALS ME-ICP61). Over range for Cu and Ag are digested and analysed with the same method but higher detection limits (ALS ME-OG62). pXRF measurements are carried out with appropriate blanks and reference material analysed routinely to verify instrument accuracy and repeatability.
<i>Drilling techniques</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Drill type (e.g. core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (e.g. core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> KML's Diamond drilling is being conducted with Tricone (Kalahari Sands), followed by PQ/HQ/NQ core sizes (standard tube) with HQ and NQ core oriented using AXIS Champ ORI tool.
<i>Drill sample recovery</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Core recovery is measured and recorded for all drilling. Once bedrock has been intersected, sample recovery has been very good >98%.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Samples were taken consistently from the same side of the core cutting line to avoid bias. Geologists frequently check on core cutting procedures to ensure the core cutter splits the core correctly in half. Core samples are selected within logged geological, structural, mineralisation and alteration constraints. Samples are collected from distinct geological

		domains with sufficient width to avoid overbias.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sample recovery was generally very good and as such it is not expected that any such bias exists. pXRF measurements quoted are not considered a replacement for laboratory assay and are provided for indicative purposes only. The nature of the point samples are intrinsically biased. Cut groove samples are considered more representative but have a notable loss of fine material and again are intended for indicative purposes only.
Logging	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • KML Diamond drill core is logged by a team of qualified geologists using predefined lithological, mineralogical, and physical characteristic (colour, weathering etc) logging codes. • The geologists on site followed industry best practice and standard operating procedure for Diamond core drilling processes. • Diamond drill core was marked up on site and logged back at camp where it securely stored. • Data is recorded digitally using Ocris geological logging software. • The QA/QC'd compilation of all logging results are stored on the cloud.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All logging used standard published logging charts and classification for grain size, abundance, colour and lithologies to maintain a qualitative and semi-quantitative standard based on visual estimation. • Magnetic susceptibility readings are also taken every meter and/or half meter using a ZH Instruments SM-20/SM-30 reader.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 100% of all recovered intervals were geologically logged.
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Selected intervals are currently being cut with a commercial core cutter in half, using a 2mm thick blade, for one half to be sampled for analysis. For selected samples core is quartered and both quarters being sampled as an original and field replicate sample.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • N/A

	<p><i>dry</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation techniques</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Field sample preparation is suitable for the core samples. • The laboratory sample preparation technique (ALS PREP-31D) is considered appropriate and suitable for the core samples and expected grades.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • KML's standard field QAQC procedures for core drilling include the field insertion of blanks, selection of standards, field duplicates (quarter core), and selection of requested laboratory pulp and coarse crush duplicates. These are being inserted at a rate of 2.5- 5% each to ensure an appropriate rate of QAQC.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in-situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sampling is deemed appropriate for the type of survey and equipment used. • The duplicate sample data (field duplicate and lab duplicates) indicates that the results are representative and repeatable. •
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • N/A
<p><i>Quality of assay data and laboratory tests</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • KML's core samples are being sent for 4-acid digest for "near total" digest and ICP-AES analysis (34 elements) at ALS laboratories in Johannesburg, South Africa. • The analytical techniques (ALS ME-ICP61 and ME-OG62) are considered appropriate for assaying.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • KML use ZH Instruments SM20 magnetic susceptibility meter for measuring magnetic susceptibilities and readings were randomly repeated to ensure reproducibility and consistency of the data. • A Niton FXL950 pXRF instrument is used with reading times on Soil Mode of 120seconds in total. • For the pXRF analyses, well established in-house SOPs were strictly followed and data QAQC'd before accepted in the database. • A test study of 5 times repeat analyses on selected soil samples is conducted to establish the reliability and repeatability of the pXRF at low Cu-Pb-Zn

		<p>values.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For the pXRF Results, no user factor was applied, and as per SOP the units calibrated daily with their respective calibration disks. • All QAQC samples were reviewed for consistency and accuracy. Results were deemed repeatable and representative.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Nature of quality control procedures adopted (e.g. standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (i.e. lack of bias) and precision have been established.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appropriate certified reference material was inserted on a ratio of 1:20 samples. • Laboratory coarse crush and pulp duplicate samples were alternated requested for every 20 samples. • Blanks were inserted on a ratio of 1:20. • ALS Laboratories insert their own standards, duplicates and blanks and follow their own SOP for quality control. • Both internal and laboratory QAQC samples are reviewed for consistency. • The CRM's accuracy, precision and control charts is within acceptable limits for Cu, with two Ag result being outside of the acceptable limits (currently being queried with the laboratory). • The coarse Blank and lab internal pulp Blank results suggest a low risk of contamination during the sample preparation and analytical stages respectively • The duplicate sample data indicates that the results are representative and repeatable.
Verification of sampling and assaying	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All drill core intersections were verified by peer review.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>The use of twinned holes.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No twinned holes were drilled to date.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All data is electronically stored with peer review of data processing and modelling • Data entry procedures standardized in SOP, data checking and verification routine. • Data storage on partitioned drives and backed up on server and on the cloud.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Discuss any adjustment to assay data.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No adjustments were made to assay data.
Location of data points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • KML's Drill collar coordinates are captured by using handheld Garmin GPS and verified by a second handheld Garmin GPS.

	<p><i>down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Downhole surveys of drill holes is being undertaken using an AXIS ChampMag tool.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Specification of the grid system used.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The grid system used is WGS84 UTM Zone 34S. All reported coordinates are referenced to this grid.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Quality and adequacy of topographic control.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Topographic control is based on satellite survey data collected at 30m resolution. Quality is considered acceptable.
<p><i>Data spacing and distribution</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.</i> <i>Whether the data spacing, and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data spacing and distribution of all survey types is deemed appropriate for the type of survey and equipment used. Drill hole spacing is broad, as might be expected for this early stage of exploration, and not yet at a density sufficient for Mineral Resource Estimation
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Whether sample compositing has been applied.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> N/A
<p><i>Orientation of data in relation to geological structure</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Drill spacing is currently broad and hole orientation is aimed at intersecting the bedding of the host stratigraphy as perpendicular as practically possible (e.g. within the constraint of the cover thickness). This is considered appropriate for the geological setting and for the known mineralisation styles in the Copperbelt.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Existence, and orientation, of preferentially mineralised structures is not yet fully understood but current available data indicates mineralisation occurs within steep, sub-vertical structures, sub-parallel to foliation. No significant sampling bias is therefore expected.

<p><i>Sample security</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>The measures taken to ensure sample security.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sample bags are logged, tagged, double bagged and sealed in plastic bags, stored at the field office. • Diamond core is stored in a secure facility at the field office and then moved to a secure warehouse. • Sample security includes a chain-of-custody procedure that consists of filling out sample submittal forms that are sent to the laboratory with sample shipments to make certain that all samples are received by the laboratory. Prepared samples were transported to the analytical laboratory in sealed gravel bags that are accompanied by appropriate paperwork, including the original sample preparation request numbers and chain-of-custody forms
<p><i>Audits or reviews</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • KML’s drill hole sampling procedure is done according to industry best practice.

JORC Table 2 - Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
<p><i>Mineral tenement and land tenure status</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.</i> • <i>The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cobre Ltd holds a 75.5% interest in Kalahari Metals Ltd with a call option to acquire the remaining 24.5% from Metal Tiger plc. Details of the transaction are supplied in Cobre ASX announcement 16 June 2022. • Kalahari Metals in turn owns 51% of Triprop Holdings Ltd (with an earn-in in place to acquire the remaining 49%) and 100% of Kitlanya (Pty) Ltd both of which are locally registered companies. • Triprop Holdings holds the NCP licenses PL035/2017 (309km²) and PL036/2017 (51km²), which, following a recent renewal, are due their next extension on 30/09/2024 • Kitlanya (Pty) Ltd holds the KITW licenses PL342/2016 (941 km²) and PL343/2016(986 km²), which are due their next renewal on 31 March 2024:
<p><i>Exploration done by other parties</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Previous exploration on portions of the NCP and KITW projects was conducted by BHP. • BHP collected approximately 125 and 113 soil samples over the KITW and NCP projects

		<p>respectively in 1998.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> BHP collected Geotem airborne electromagnetic data over a small portion of PL036/2012 and PL342/2016, with a significant coverage over PL343/2016. 																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
<p><i>Geology</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The regional geological setting underlying all the Licences is interpreted as Neoproterozoic meta sediments, deformed during the Pan African Damara Orogen into a series of ENE trending structural domes cut by local structures. The style of mineralisation expected comprises strata-bound and structurally controlled disseminated and vein hosted Cu/Ag mineralisation. 																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
<p><i>Drill hole Information</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>easting and northing of the drill hole collar</i> <i>elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar</i> <i>dip and azimuth of the hole</i> <i>down hole length and interception depth</i> <i>hole length.</i> <i>If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Information relating to the drilling described in this announcement are listed in Table 1. Summary table of all core drill holes is presented below: <table border="1" data-bbox="850 1108 1428 1641"> <thead> <tr> <th>Company</th> <th>Project</th> <th>Drill Hole Type</th> <th>HeadID</th> <th>Easting</th> <th>Northing</th> <th>RL</th> <th>Dip</th> <th>Azimuth</th> <th>Drill Indication</th> <th>EDH Length m</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>xMl</td><td>Estimote West</td><td>OD</td><td>BIT-W-0001</td><td>542578</td><td>7078328</td><td>1047.1577</td><td>238</td><td>-90</td><td>-90</td><td>337.63</td></tr> <tr><td>xMl</td><td>Estimote West</td><td>OD</td><td>BIT-W-0002</td><td>648880</td><td>7078728</td><td>1048.4819</td><td>246</td><td>-90</td><td>-90</td><td>86.87</td></tr> <tr><td>xMl</td><td>Estimote West</td><td>OD</td><td>BIT-W-0003</td><td>542584</td><td>7078332</td><td>1044.8225</td><td>0</td><td>-90</td><td>-90</td><td>33</td></tr> 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West	OD	BIT-W-0003	542584	7078332	1044.8225	0	-90	-90	33	xMl	MCP	OD	NCP01	284766	7040608	1033	0	-90	-90	76.4	xMl	MCP	OD	NCP02A	284788	7040772	1032	0	-90	-90	85.5	xMl	MCP	OD	NCP02	612238	7082234	898	0	-90	-90	347.65	xMl	MCP	OD	NCP03	284744	7040674	1034	0	-90	-90	394	xMl	MCP	OD	NCP04	286768	7081124	1034	125	-90	-90	129.22	xMl	MCP	OD	NCP05	286364	7081488	1033	125	-75	-75	176.04	xMl	MCP	OD	NCP06	330610	7081798	1030	125	-75	-75	285.22	Titanop	MCP	OD	TRD14-01	612238	7082753	1042	0	-90	-90	71.65	Titanop	MCP	OD	TRD14-02	612399	7082753	1047	0	-90	-90	36.35	Titanop	MCP	OD	TRD14-02A	612356	7082704	1047	0	-90	-90	83.85	Titanop	MCP	OD	TRD14-03	612282	7082787	1041	0	-90	-90	42.8	Titanop	MCP	OD	TRD14-04	609703	7080343	1040	0	-90	-90	146.7	Titanop	MCP	OD	TRD14-05	620356	7080513	1040	0	-90	-90	38.7	Titanop	MCP	OD	TRD14-06	609868	7080418	1038	0	-90	-90	88.7	Titanop	MCP	OD	TRD14-07	609863	7080414	1042	0	-85	-85	113	Titanop	MCP	OD	TRD14-08	607269	7080468	1036	0	-90	-90	71.4	Titanop	MCP	OD	TRD14-09	607233	7080469	1035	0	-90	-90	72.88	Titanop	MCP	OD	TRD14-10	607263	7080436	1034	0	-90	-90	68.3	Titanop	MCP	OD	TRD14-11	607250	7080378	1034	880	-90	-90	182.88	Titanop	MCP	OD	TRD14-12	606843	7080496	1030	0	-90	-90	71.2	Titanop	MCP	OD	TRD14-13	606829	7080463	1033	0	-90	-90	85.4	Titanop	MCP	OD	TRD14-14	606818	7080377	1030	0	-90	-90	115.4	Titanop	MCP	OD	TRD14-15	606723	7080493	1041	0	-90	-90	181.05	Titanop	MCP	OD	TRD14-16	606704	7080434	1031	0	-90	-90	88.23	Titanop	MCP	OD	TRD14-16A	606704	7080428	1030	0	-90	-90	200.72	Titanop	MCP	OD	TRD14-17	606880	7080376	1037	0	-90	-90	81.18	Titanop	MCP	OD	TRD14-17A	606862	7080303	1028	0	-90	-90	178.72
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<p><i>Data aggregation methods</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.</i> <i>Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Results > 0.5% Cu have been averaged weighted by downhole lengths, and exclusive of internal waste. No aggregation of intercepts has been reported 																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					

	<p><i>lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Calculated at current metal prices: 1g/t Ag = 0.0081% Cu
<p><i>Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results.</i> • <i>If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported.</i> • <i>If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg 'down hole length, true width not known').</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Down hole intersection widths are used throughout. • The geometry has not been sufficiently defined by the current drilling • All measurements state that downhole lengths have been used, as the true width has not been suitably established by the current drilling
<p><i>Diagrams</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Included within the report.
<p><i>Balanced reporting</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Results from the previous exploration programmes are summarised in the target priorities which are based on an interpretation of these results. • The accompanying document is considered to be a balanced and representative report.
<p><i>Other substantive exploration data</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nothing relevant at this early stage of reporting

	<i>characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.</i>	
<i>Further work</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>The nature and scale of planned further work (eg tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).</i> <i>Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Based upon the results announced in this release further diamond drilling has been planned. The additional drill holes are shown on diagrams within the announcement.