

Image - Maiden Munarra Gully Project RC Drilling which identified a New Significant Copper-Gold Discovery in 2018

Why Invest in Rumble?



Clear Strategy

- * Generating a pipeline of quality high grade base and precious metal projects at various stages of development
- * Critically reviewing against stringent criteria
- * Negotiate low cost upfront optionality
- * Systematically explore multiple projects to drill test for high grade world class discoveries

Discovery History

Technical director Brett Keillor

- * Discovered 7 significant deposits world wide that turned into mines
- * Twice AMEC Award "Prospector Of The Year", for the Plutonic and Tropicana discoveries
- * Thirty years of identifying company making projects with majors Resolute and IGO
- * First 2 drill programs with Rumble identified base metal & coppergold discoveries

Fully Funded

The company is in a strong cash position

- * Fully funded with \$2.2mil in bank to fast track exploration
- * All projects acquired are low cost exploration to test for discovery
- * Funded for potential new project acquisitions

Near Term Catalysts

Highly leveraged to exploration success with multiple near term catalysts to have a significant re-rating in first 6 months of 2019

- * 3 Projects to be drill tested
- * 4 projects drill targeting to be fast tracked to drill testing

Rumble Achievements and Outlook

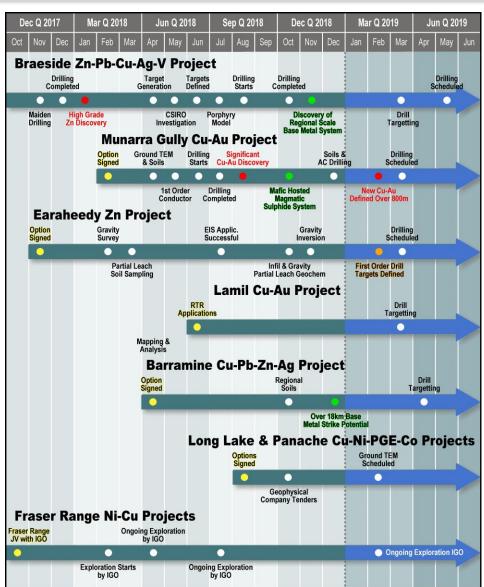


Since October 2017

- Raised \$5mil November 2017
- Optioned 5 new projects
- 1 Strategic Application
- Advanced all 6 towards drilling
- 2 Fraser Range projects JV'd with IGO
- 2 discoveries
- 2 mineralised systems

First 6 months 2019

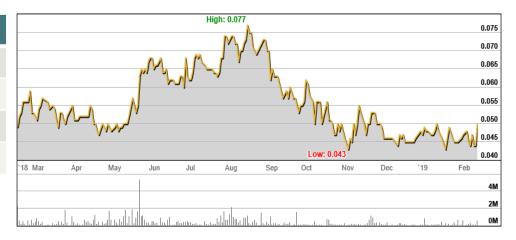
- 3 projects drill programs scheduled
- 4 projects drill targeting
- Fraser Range JV ongoing exploration



Corporate Overview



Capital Structure		
Shares on Issue	#	357m
Options on Issue ¹²³	#	25.6M
Cash ⁴	A\$	\$2.2m
Market Cap	A\$	\$17m



- 1. 10.5mil 8c options (various expiry)
- 2. 4mil 3c Options (8 September 2020)
- 3. 11.1mil 15c Options (29 November 2019)
- 4. As reported in December 2018 Quarterly

Ownership Analysis	
Board and Management	10.2%
Top 20	38%

Board & Management			
Shane Sikora	Managing Director		
Brett Keillor	Technical Director		
Matthew Banks	Non-Executive Director		
Michael Smith	Non-Executive Director		

Pipeline of Projects



Braeside Zn-Pb-Cu-Ag -V Project

- . 2 High Grade zinc and Lead discoveries
- Targets:

Regional scale porphyry to epithermal mineralised system

Large Cu-Au disseminated porphyry deposits along with high grade base metal vein/breccia pipe and epithermal Pb-Zn-Ag-In+/- Au deposits

Barramine Cu-Pb-Zn-Aq Project

- Rock Chips up to 25.32% Cu, 279 g/t Ag, 6% Pb and 1.8% Zn
- Target:

Northern Extension of Braeside

Lamil Cu-Au Project

- Strategic applications between Telfer Gold Mine (Newcrest) and Nifty Copper Mine (Metals X)
- Target:

Stratiform base metal and Telfer Cu-Au deposit types.

125°E 115°E 120°E -15°S RUMBLE Broome Barramine Port Hedland Project -20°S Braeside Lamil Project Project Western Australia Carnarvon Earaheedy -25°S Project Wiluna Meekatharra d Munarra Gully **Project** Fraser Range Project Geraldton Leonora -30°S Kalgoorlie Perth o Esperance -35°S Albany 500km

Ontario Ouebec Timmins o Long Lake and Panache Projects Sudbury U.S.A. Toronto

Munarra Gully Cu-Au Project

- New Significant Cu-Au Discovery 22m @ 1% Cu from 29m coincident with 19m @ 2.19 g/t Au from 33m
- Target:

Multiple copper-gold bearing mafic (norite) intrusions.

Earaheedy Zn Project

- Zinc up to 14% within an intersection 11.3m @ 4.34% Zn, and 0.85% Pb from 150.2m
 - Target:

Flat lying MVT high grade Zn-Pb deposits.

Fraser Range Ni-Cu Project

- JV with major Independence Group NL (ASX: IGO)
 - Target:
- Massive Ni-Cu type deposits

Long Lake Au-Cu-Ni-PGM Project

- Fieldwork has highlighted Sudbury Breccia and quartz diorite (known host for Sudbury Basin deposits) occurrences over several km of strike.
- Target:

Blind Sudbury "Offset Dyke" style massive Ni - Cu - PGM type deposits

Panache Co-Ni-Co-Au-PGM Project

- Rock chips up to 1.1% Co, 6.01% Cu, 1.47%, Ni, 3.5 g/t Pgm and 524 g/t Au
- Target:

High order base metal with PGM surface anomalism inferred to be potential feeders to gabbroic intrusions

Munarra Gully Cu-Au Project - Cue, Murchison



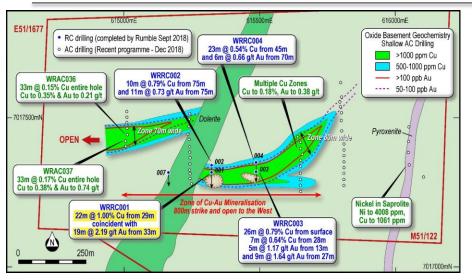


Image: White Rose Prospect - Copper-Gold Mineralisation over 800m includes RC & aircore drilling

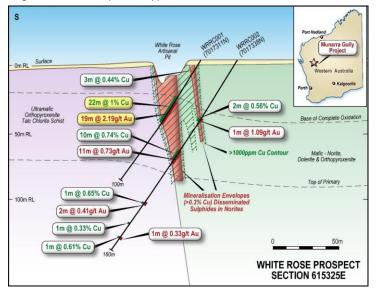


Image: RC Drill section 615325E – White Rose Prospect

About Project

 The Munarra Gully project is located some 50km NNE of the town of Cue within the Murchison Goldfields – Rumble has option to earn 80% of E51-1677 and M51-122

Exploration target(s)

• Multiple copper-gold bearing mafic (norite) intrusions.

Maiden RC Drill Program – New Significant Cu-Au Discovery

- Four RC drill-holes returned significant copper-gold mineralisation from a fine to medium grain intrusive pyroxenite (norite) at the White Rose Prospect
- Results included: 22m @ 1% Cu from 29m coincident with 19m @ 2.19 g/t Au from 33m. Maximum Cu was 2.66% (40-41m). Maximum Au was 11.56 g/t (49-50m).
- Multi-element geochemistry results confirmed elevated platinum/palladium (PGM's) with the copper-gold mineralisation discovered at the White Rose prospect: Pt + Pd (to 96ppb), Ag (to 11.4 g/t), Mo (to 116ppm) and Re (0.28ppm). Low level elevated element associations also noted include Co, Se and REE's.
- XRD (X-ray Diffraction) completed on copper gold mineralised samples which
 highlighted idaite (supergene mineral after bornite) and chalcopyrite as the dominant
 copper minerals in the transitional zone.

White Rose Potential

- Shallow air-core drilling has extended the strike potential of the copper-gold mineralisation to over 800m, significantly adding scale potential to the project – strike open west and northeast.
- New target type A north-south trending magnetic target tested by the air-core drilling confirmed an ultramafic intrusive (pyroxenite) which returned Ni to 4008 ppm and Cu to 1061 ppm near surface.

Munarra Gully - Potential New Province



E51/1677 - Regional Geochemistry

Infill lag (soil) sampling defined was successful in defining four high order copper drill targets over a strike of 3.6km.

- Copper A1 Anomaly 600m strike, up to 400m wide with copper to 437 ppm
- 2. Copper A2 Anomaly 500m strike with copper to 444 ppm
- 3. Copper A3 Anomaly 2000m strike with copper to 620 ppm and gold to 35 ppb
- Copper A4 Anomaly 200m strike with copper to 916 ppm and gold to 19 ppb
- No previous copper exploration has been completed over these new targets.
- Additional 4km of potential strike is under cover between the Cu soil anomalism and White Rose Cu – Au mineralisation and is a priority target

Style - Mafic Hosted Magmatic Sulphide System

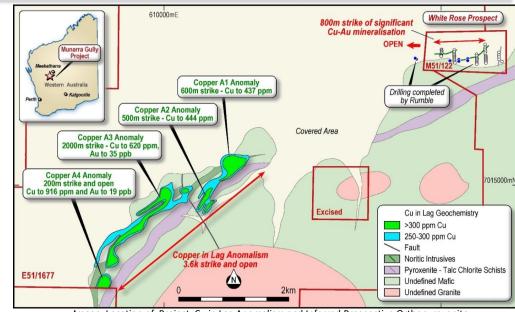


Image: Location of Project, Cu in Lag Anomalism and Inferred Prospective Orthopyroxenite

- The style of mineralisation is likely magmatic and is atypical with respect to mineralised mafic intrusive systems due to high Cu:Ni ratios, high Au and Ag, low S and elevated PGM's.
- The style is similar to known large copper rich mafic intrusive (ortho-pyroxenite) historical deposits in Brazil (Caraiba mining district 96Mt @1.82% Cu reserve and production) and South Africa (Okiep mining district Koperberg 94Mt @ 1.75% Cu historic production). Gold, silver and PGM's are associated with these copper deposits.

Next Steps

Airborne magnetic survey - Survey has commenced to aid in delineating potential Cu-Au bearing intrusives and to help understand structural trends, further assisting current drill targeting work

Air core and RC drilling planned for March 2018, key objectives include:

- Extend the 800m strike of known Cu-Au mineralisation at the White Rose prospect with shallow air core drilling.
- Test the recently defined zones (up to 80m wide) of copper-gold mineralisation and the new Ni-Cu target at White Rose prospect, with deeper RC drilling.
- Complete air core drilling traverses over the recently defined copper in soil targets and potential strike under cover at E51/1677

Earaheedy Zinc Project - Wiluna



About Project

 Rumble has the option to acquire 75% of the Earaheedy Project E69/3464 and 100% of E69/3543 - located approximately 110km north of Wiluna, WA

Target Potential and Style

Review of historical drilling identified that thirty-five (35) RC and diamond drill
holes intercepted zinc mineralisation over an area of 20km by 3.5km within
carbonate rocks that are overlain by granular iron formations (Frere
Formation). Examples of intersections:

 \circ 11.3m @ 4.34% Zn, 0.85% Pb from 150.2m

Includes 2.3m @ 14.42% Zn, 1.15% Pb from 150.2m

o 35m @ 1.3% Zn from 208m.

Includes 6m @ 3.16% Zn from 210.5m.

o 20m @ 1.86% Zn, 0.56 % Pb from 103m to EOH.

Includes 7m @ 3.6% Zn, 1.25% Pb from 103m.

o High-grade silver mineralisation was also intercepted and includes

4m @ 559 g/t Ag from 257m (18 oz/tonne Ag) 2m @ 149 g/t Ag from 223m

- Rumble is targeting Mississippi Valley Type (MVT) high-grade zinc deposits
 associated with basement faults (high angle breccia fault zones) within flat lying
 carbonate rocks
- Exploration has shown similarities to the historical Pillara (Blendevale) Zn-Pb deposit located in the Lennard Shelf of WA, with a strike of 2km discovered between 80m to 500m below surface for a resource of 20Mt @ 8.3% Zn, 2.5% Pb, 17ppm Ag¹

Six first Order gravity drill targets Defined

- Detailed infill gravity surveys completed by Rumble have been modelled (gravity inversion modelling) with six first order drill targets identified
- No historic drill-holes have intercepted the six first order gravity targets

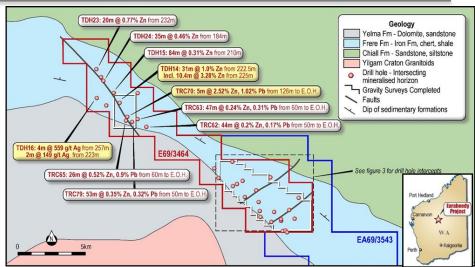


Image: Project Geology and Significant zinc mineralisation over an area of 20km by 3.5km

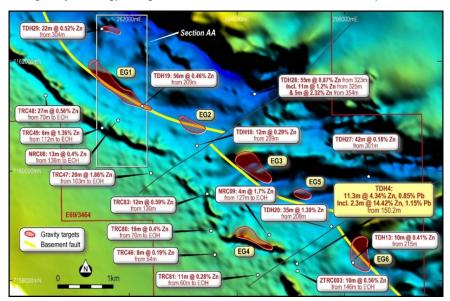


Image: Drill Hole Intercepts with First Order Gravity Drill Targets over TMI Aeromagnetic.

Earaheedy Zinc Project - Wiluna



Compelling - Six first order gravity drill targets defined

- Importantly, the gravity targets are located over the main interpreted basement extension fault and likely represent high to moderate angle fault breccia zones with high potential to host economic base metal mineralisation.
- The gravity shells highlighting areas which could represent mineralisation accumulation;
- All six gravity targets are located within the flat lying carbonate unit that hosts the known zinc-lead horizon (from historic drilling)
- The gravity targets dip steeply to the southwest in line with the basement fault zone.
- The gravity targets (iso-shells) are large, up to 1.5km in strike length (EG1) and up to 300m in width
- Widespread Zn and Pb metal distribution surrounding the gravity targets; significantly, no historic drill-holes previously intercepted the six first order gravity targets

Next Steps

- Rumble has scheduled a drilling program to test the significant first order drill targets in March 2019.
- Two diamond tails will drill gravity targets EG1 and EG3 with contingency holes for gravity targets EG4 and EG6. The expectation is for 100m precollars with diamond tails up to 300m.
- Images highlight the proposed diamond drill hole into target EG1.
- Rumble has received EIS (co-funding) funding approval (\$100,750) for this diamond drilling program.

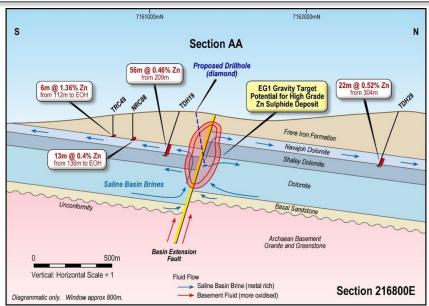


Image: Section AA (Location in bottom mage on Page 8) - Mineralisation Model and Proposed Target .

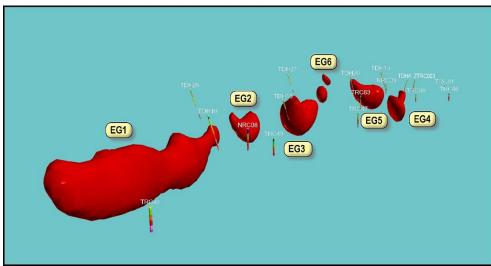


Image: Drill Hole Intercepts with Gravity Targets over TMI Aeromagnetic Plan – Southeast Area.

Long Lake & Panache Cu-Ni-PGE-Co Projects – Sudbury, Canada

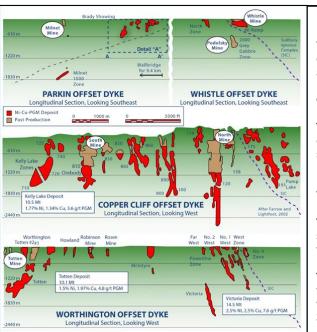


Exploration target(s)

- Long Lake -Target blind Sudbury "Offset Dyke" massive Ni-Cu-PGM type deposits
- Panache Target potential feeders to gabbroic intrusions

The Copper Cliff Offset Dyke System

- The Copper Cliff South and Copper Cliff North mine have some 200 million tonnes of ore. Vale Limited's Clarabelle mill, smelter and nickel refinery are all located close to the Copper Cliff Offset dyke.
- The southernmost deposit discovered to date is at Kelly Lake with a reserve of 10.5 Mt @ 1.77% Ni, 1.34% Cu and 3.6 g/t PGM. Note: IGO's Nova Bollinger Deposit in Fraser Range, WA has a reserve of 13.3 Mt @ 2.06% Ni and 0.83% Cu (2017). The Long Lake Project lies some 10km SW of the Kelly Lake Ni-Cu-PGM deposit inferred to be the faulted southern extension of the 'Copper Cliff Offset Dyke'



Examples of Offset Dyke Deposits

Very significant high value deposits occur as clusters along Offset Dykes and are often blind.

Copper Cliff Offset Dyke Deposits

The Kelly Lake Deposit was discovered below a smaller near surface deposit by downhole TEM in 1997 & defined in 2006.

Worthington Offset Dyke Deposits

The Totten Deposit, which is a similar size to the Kelly Lake Deposit, was discovered in **1999** by Inco.

The Victoria Deposit (over 1km deep) was defined by Quadra FNX in 2012 with a reserve of 14.5Mt @ 2.5% Ni, 2.5% Cu and 7.6 g/t PGM.

About Sudbury Mining Camp, Ontario Canada

- Since 1883, the Sudbury Mining Field has been the second-largest supplier of nickel ore in the world with over 1.7 billion tonnes of past production, reserves and resources.
- Ni-Cu and PGM bearing sulphide minerals occur in a 60 km by 27 km elliptical igneous body called the Sudbury Igneous Complex ("SIC").
 The current model infers the SIC was formed some 1,844 million years ago after sheet-like flash/impact melting of nickel and copper bearing rocks by a meteorite impact.
- Mineralization occurs within the SIC as well as in the neighbouring country rocks in close association with breccias and so-called 'Offset Dykes'. Nearly half of the nickel ore at Sudbury occurs in breccias and Offset Dykes in the footwall rocks of the SIC.

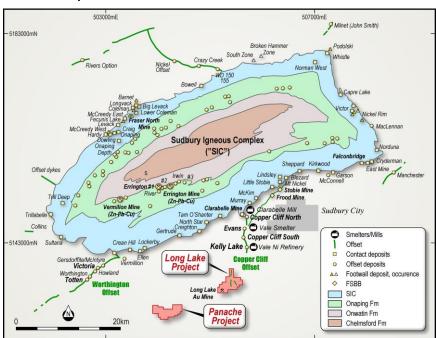


Image – Location of the Long Lake and Panache Projects and the Deposit Types of the Sudbury Basin.

Long Lake & Panache Cu-Ni-PGE-Co Projects – Sudbury, Canada



About Long Lake Au-Cu-Ni-PGM Project

- Rumble has option to earn 100%
- Fieldwork (including a single shallow diamond drill-hole of anomaly 19)
 has highlighted Sudbury Breccia and quartz diorite (known host for
 Sudbury Basin deposits) occurrences over 4km's km of strike.
- The occurrence is inferred to be the faulted southern extension of the 'Copper Cliff Offset Dyke' system that has been moved west by later regional faults - some 10km SW of the Kelly Lake Ni-Cu-PGM deposit

About Panache Co-Ni-Cu-Au-PGM Project

• Rumble has option to earn 100%

Potential mineralised feeder dykes associated with layered gabbroic intrusions (Nipissing Age – not related to the Sudbury basin) identified by mapping and surface geochemistry generating 3 target areas:

- Area A Prospecting exposed a set of massive sulphide pipes. Rock chips up to: 6.01% Cu, 1.47% Ni, 1.6 g/t PGM and 0.49% Co
- Area B Trenching & grab sampling identified strong base metal & PGM mineralisation along the basal zone to a gabbro intrusion. Wide widths of gossans were exposed . Grab sampling up to: 1.61% Cu, 0.49% Ni, 1.1% Co, 1.64 g/t Au, 1.64 g/t Pt & 1.58 g/t Pd.
- Area C Grab sampling & petrography identified a 2.5km zone of strong base metal and precious metal anomalism associated with an inferred gabbroic feeder. Grab sampling up to: 0.59% Cu, 0.16% Ni, 524.3 g/t Au, 0.45% Co, 0.64 g/t Pt, 1.18 g/t Pd.

Next Steps

- Long Lake Project: A deep penetrating ground TEM survey scheduled to test a VTEM conductor & outcropping Sudbury Breccia at anomaly 19 with the aim of generating high order conductors for subsequent diamond drill testing.
- Panache Project: A deep penetrating ground TEM survey has been planned to test the strong surface geochemistry intrusion at AREA B with the aim of generating high order conductors for subsequent diamond drill testing.

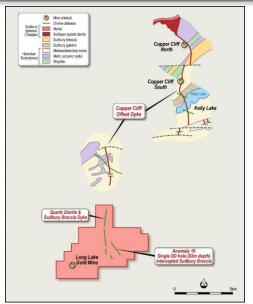


Image – Long Lake Project - Highlighting the Copper Cliff Offset Dyke and the Inferred Sudbury Breccia Dyke

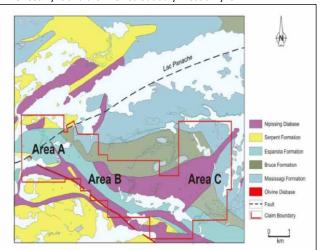


Image – Panache Project – Regional Geology and Target Area Location



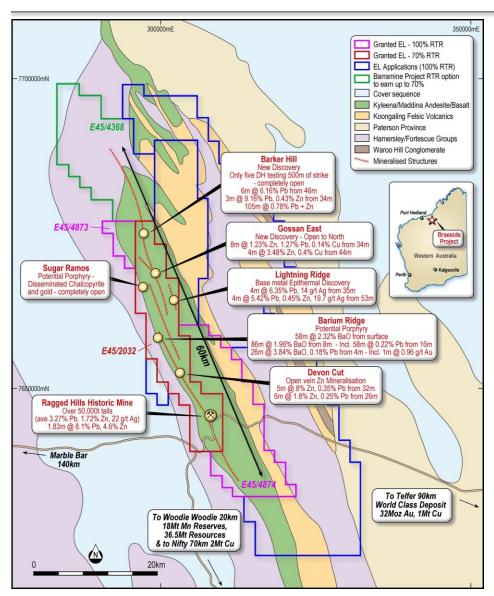
Image – Long Lake Project – Anomaly 19



Image - Panache Project - Exposed Gossan Area B

Braeside Zn-Pb-Cu-Ag-Au-V Project - East Pilbara





About Project

- Braeside Project area is over 1000 km²
- Rumble owns 70% of E45/2032, 100% of 7 applications and can earn 70% of contiguous northern Barramine project
- Hosted many historic high grade base metal small-scale mines that produced lead, zinc and silver 1901 to 1959
- Prior to Rumble acquisition Braeside had no modern exploration
- Region hosts multiple world class ore bodies
- Excellent all purpose roads to Port Hedland Port

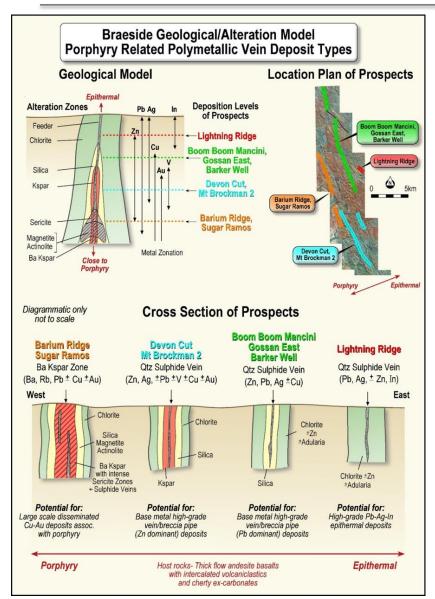
Target Potential and Style

- Discovered a Regional Scale Porphyry to Epithermal System to surface – Very Rare
- Identified system has camp-scale potential for multiple deposit types – Uncommon
- 60 km of mineralised strike and up to 6km wide
- CSIRO and Rumble collaborative research investigating the significant porphyry to epithermal System to fast track drill targetting

Image: Braeside Project Location, Regional Geology and Tenement Status

Regional Scale Porphyry to Epithermal System





- Four mineralised alteration zones have been discovered over 35km by 6km
- The zones represent a regional scale porphyry to epithermal mineralised system with camp-scale potential for multiple deposit types

Lightning Ridge – East Mineralised Zone

Target: Multiple vein high-grade Pb-Ag-In epithermal/epizonal deposits with Cu - Zn

- The zone represents the highest deposition level discovered to date.
- The northwest trending vein/feeder is dominantly Pb-Ag mineralization with high grade indium
- Alteration is pervasive chlorite with low level sphalerite and red-orange adularia veinlets

Boom Boom Mancini/Gossan East/Barker Well - Central Mineralised Zone

Target: High-grade base metal (Pb dominant) sulphide – silica veins/breccia pipes deposits Strike: Zone extends over 15km and is open north into Rumbles Barramine JV

- The zone represents the next deposition level below Lightning Ridge
- Quartz sulphide vein sets typically have a silica halo, rarely feldspar-sericite with a strongly developed broad chlorite – Zn enriched haloes and adularia veinlets.
- Mineralisation is Pb Zn dominant. Later overprinting deformation (shear zones and faults) often develops Cu with minor Ag and Au.

Devon Cut – Mt Brockman 2 – Central Mineralised Zone

Target: High-grade base metal (Zn dominant) sulphide – silica veins/breccia pipes deposits Strike: Zone occurs as three separate vein sets over 20km.

- The zone represents a lower deposition level to above.
- Silica sulphide fracture/feeder/vein zones are associated with pervasive sub-alkalic feldspar silica
 – sericite alteration with generally broad chlorite haloes often with elevated Zn.
- Mineralisation is dominant Zn Pb. Cu is often associated with later overprint.
- Lower order Au and Ag occurs with the higher-grade base metal zones. Vanadium (vanadate) has
 developed in some areas.

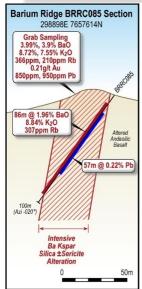
Barium Ridge - Sugar Ramos - West Mineralised Zone

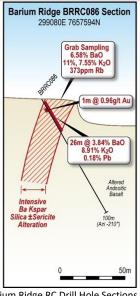
Target: Large scale disseminated Cu – Au deposits associated with underlying porphyry Strike: Zone extends over 14km.

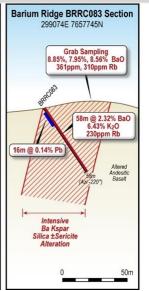
- The zone represents lowest deposition level to date.
- Wide pervasive zones of Ba Kspar with silica zones and strong chloritisation of the wall-rocks have ubiquitous low order Pb mineralization along with anomalous Rb (rubidium).
- At Barium Ridge, the alteration has completely replaced the andesitic basalt host rocks with anomalous Au (0.96 g/t) and within the alteration zones, pyrite-silica zones are present.
- The Sugar Ramos area is considered very significant as magnetite actinolite has been defined with zones of elevated copper (chalcopyrite) and gold. Central to the core of the broad alteration halo, intense sericite zones are present, potentially indicating higher temperature acidic fluid pathways have developed above a porphyry intrusion.

Barium Ridge & Sugar Ramos Zone









Target: Large scale disseminated Cu – Au deposits associated with underlying porphyry

Strike: Extends over 14km – Completely Open

Barium Ridge Prospect – New Discovery

- *58m @ 2.32% BaO, 6.43% K2O, 230ppm Rb from surface to EOH (BRRC083)
 Including 16m @ 0.14% Pb from 4m
- *86m @ 1.96% BaO, 8.84% K2O, 307ppm Rb from 8m (BRRC085 down-dip)
 Including 57m @ 0.22% Pb from 16m.
- *26m @ 3.84% BaO, 8.91% K2O, 0.18% Pb, 373ppm Rb from 4m (BRRC086)
 Including 1m @ 0.96 g/t Au from 9m.
- intercept width 0.5% BaO cutoff 0.1% Pb cutoff used to indicate alteration halo
- Wide intensely barium potassium feldspar zones with elevated copper, gold and lead along with magnetite-actinolite mineralisation are indicative of a proximal fertile mineralised porphyry.

Image. Barium Ridge RC Drill Hole Sections

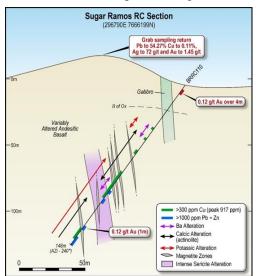


Image: Sugar Ramos Prospect RC Section – Alteration

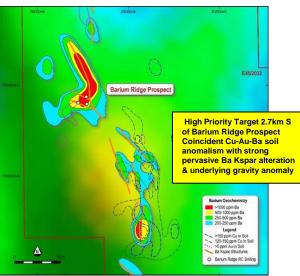


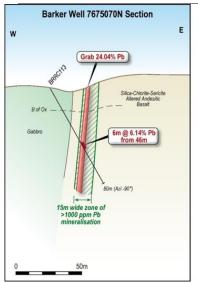
Image - Barium Ridge High Priority Target

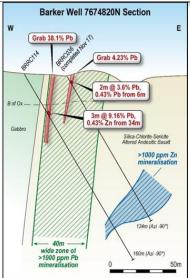
Sugar Ramos Prospect

- The Sugar Ramos Prospect lies within the barium corridor and located 9km NNW of Barium Ridge.
- Very significant alteration with elevated copper and gold has been outlined in a single RC drill hole designed to tested high grade base metal grab sampling of a large altered northwest trending at Sugar Ramos. Grab sampling returned up to 54.27% Pb, 72 g/t Ag and 1.45 g/t Au.
- Alteration indicative of an underlying porphyry system was intercepted with zones of intense sericite, Kspar and Ba Kspar. Magnetite and actinolite (calcic) alteration were encountered along with broad zones of elevated copper (chalcopyrite) with the peak value at 970ppm. Elevated Au (to 0.12 g/t) and minor Pb Zn were also associated with the alteration.

Barker Well & Gossan East Zone







Target: High-grade base metal (Pb dominant) sulphide – silica veins/breccia pipes deposits

Strike: Extends over 15km from Gossan East to Barker Well & open north into Rumbles Barramine JV.

Barker Well Prospect –High-Grade Discovery over 500m of strike (open)

- 6m @ 6.16% Pb from 46m.
- 3m @ 9.16% Pb, 0.43% Zn from 34m.
- 105m @ 0.78% Pb + Zn very wide zones of alteration indicative a large base metal system
- multiple galena-sphalerite zones associated with broad zones of pervasive silica chlorite – sericite alteration in undeformed andesitic basalts and minor intercalated volcaniclastics.

Image: Barker Well Prospect RC Drill Sections

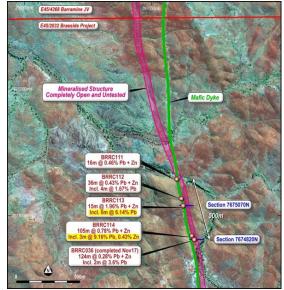
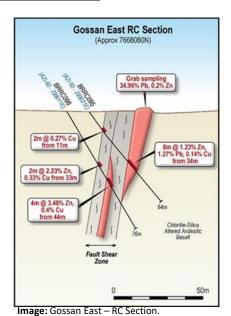


Image: Barker Well Drill Hole and Prospectivity Plan



Gossan East Prospect

- 8m @ 1.23% Zn, 1.27% Pb, 0.14% Cu from 34m (BRRC095)
- 4m @ 3.48% Zn, 0.4% Cu from 44m (BRRC096)
 *Intercept width
- Pb-Zn-Cu mineralization associated with flat lying andesitic basalts
- Alteration was intense chlorite silica with the mineralization consisting of stringer to semi-massive galena-sphalerite-silica with minor chalcopyrite.
- The structure is open to the north towards Barker Well

Lightning Ridge & Mt Brockman 2 Zone



Lightning Ridge – Eastern

Target: Multiple vein high-grade Pb-Ag-In epithermal/epizonal deposits with Cu – Zn.

Strike: Galena (Pb) – silver +/- zinc mineralization with a later copper overprint is associated with a sub-vertical northwest striking sulphide - silica vein over 220m.

Lightning Ridge Prospect - New Discovery

- 4m @ 6.35% Pb, 14.7 g/t Ag from 35m (BRRC104)
- 4m @ 5.42% Pb, 0.45% Zn, 19.7 g/t Ag from 53m (BRRC106)
 *Intercept width only 0.5% base metal cutoff.
- Pervasive low-grade Zn replacement haloes/fronts within the siltstone is indicative of the main mineralized vein/feeder being a similar age to the host rocks.
- Alteration is chloritisation (in places intense) of the wall-rock with pervasive low order zinc mineralization and veinlets of adularia. The width of alteration up to 50m with elevated Zn (BRRC106 – inclined depth 70m averaged 750ppm Zn). Depth of weathering was approximately 15-20m.

Devon Cut – Mt Brockman 2 – Central

Target: High-grade base metal (Zn dominant) sulphide – silica veins/breccia pipes deposits

Strike: Occurs as three separate vein sets over 20km.

Mt Brockman Prospect

- Strong feldspar-silica-sericite alteration returned: 2m @ 3.3%Zn, 0.52%Pb, 0.7% Cu from 16m (BRRC079).
- Mineralisation is open to the north Recent CSIRO study generated high order spectral targets in this region

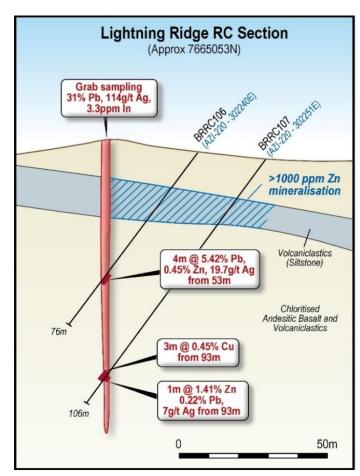


Image: Lightning Ridge – RC Section

Fastrack next round of Drilling 2019



Lightning Ridge – Eastern Zone

Target: Multiple vein high-grade Pb-Ag-In epithermal/epizonal deposits with Cu – Zn.

- Detailed surface geochemistry along interpreted vein systems (structure mapping)
- RC drilling

Gossan East/Barker Well - Central Zone

Target: High-grade base metal (Pb dominant) sulphide – silica veins/breccia pipes deposits

- Detailed geochemistry at Barker Well north along strike into the Barramine JV and between Gossan East and Barker Well
- Structural mapping to highlight high priority targets
- RC drilling
- Diamond drilling

Devon Cut – Mt Brockman 2 – Central Zone

Target: High-grade base metal (Zn dominant) sulphide – silica veins/breccia pipes deposits

- Follow up geochemistry at high order spectral targets generated from the recent CSIRO study
- Structural mapping to highlight targets.
- RC drilling

Barium Ridge – Sugar Ramos – Western Zone

Target: Large scale disseminated Cu – Au deposits associated with underlying porphyry

- Detailed geochemistry infill to highlight co-incident Ba Cu Au anomalism
- Complete detailed magnetic survey to highlight zones of magnetite associated with potential mineralised intrusions.
- Conduct geophysics (IP) over targets generated
- Diamond drill test targets

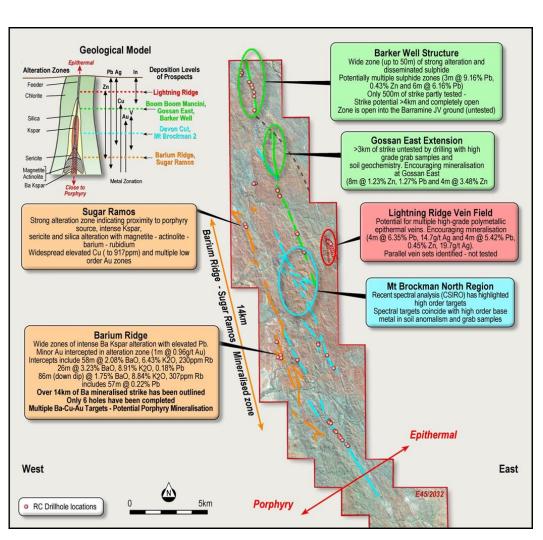


Image: Braeside Prospectivity and Proposed Exploration Targets 2019

Barramine Cu-Pb-Zn-Ag Project - East Pilbara



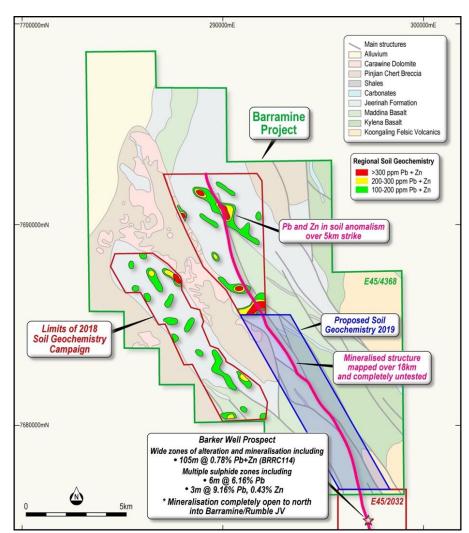


Image – Barramine JV E45/4368 – Location, Results and Proposed Regional Soil Geochemistry

About Project

- Rumble has the option to acquire 70% of E45/4368
- The same geology and structure that hosts the Braeside Project mineralisation interpreted to extend north into the Barramine Project

Exploration target(s)

- Large scale disseminated Cu Au deposits associated with underlying porphyry
- High-grade base metal sulphide silica veins/breccia pipes deposits
- Multiple vein high-grade Pb-Ag-In epithermal/epizonal deposits with Cu Zn.

Regional Soil Geochemistry 2018

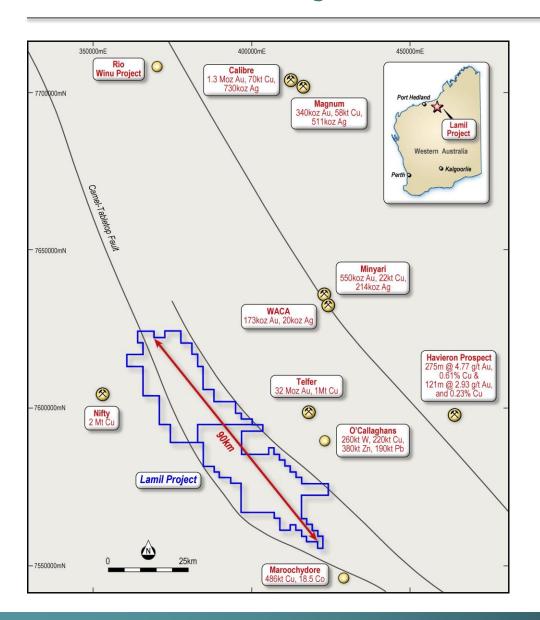
- Gold in stream anomalism > 10 times background
- Strong Pb, Zn, Cu and Ba zonation with widespread low order anomalism along the westernmost margin of the tenement.

Next Steps

- Detailed soil geochemistry along main trend.
- Follow-up in situ pXRF soil sampling of anomalism generated by soil geochemistry.
- Detailed prospect mapping and grab sampling of high order base metal targets.

Lamil Cu-Au Project – Paterson Province





About Project

- Strategic exploration 100% license applications over the highly prospective Paterson Province terrane located between the major mining operations of the large Telfer Gold Mine owned by Newcrest and the Nifty Copper Mine owned by Metals X Limited.
- The applications cover an area of 1375km²
- The highly mineralised Paterson Province region has recently been subject to extensive exploration from various groups targeting large scale stratiform Cu, sediment hosted Zn-Pb, potential iron oxide copper gold (IOCG) and sediment hosted vein copper gold Telfer Style deposits.

Exploration target(s):

Stratiform base metal and Telfer Cu-Au deposit types.

Next Steps

- Finalise review of historical exploration
- Commence Drill targeting

Fraser Range Ni-Cu Projects



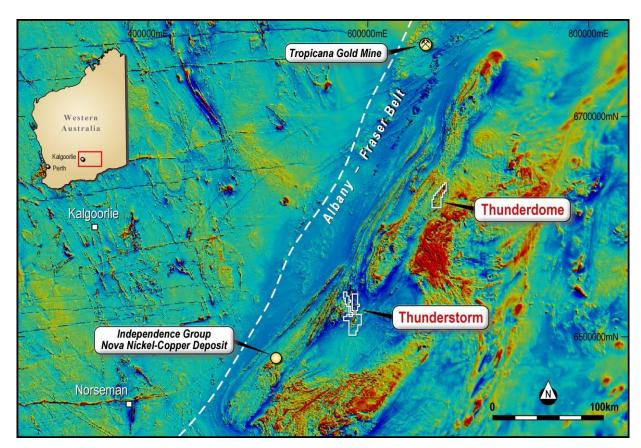


Image: Fraser Range Project Location, Regional Geology and Tenement Status

About Project

- Joint Venture Agreement signed with leading base metal and gold miner Independence Group NL (ASX: IGO) on Rumble's highly prospective Thunderdome and Thunderstorm Projects in the Fraser Range, Western Australia
- IGO to earn 70% equity in Rumble's 100% owned Projects by spending \$1.5m on exploration
- Rumble to be free-carried through to completion of a Pre-Feasibility Study on any of the Fraser Range tenements
- Rumble to benefit from IGO's extensive expertise as the dominant regional player in the Fraser Range

Exploration target(s)

• Target massive Ni – Cu sulphide deposits

Next Steps

IGO has actively been exploring on the 2 projects

Investment Summary



- Generating and drill testing a pipeline of projects capable of high grade world class discoveries
- Successful Technical Director previously discovered 7 significant deposits worldwide
- Strong working capital with \$2.2mil cash at bank
- Low cost optionality to test for discovery
- Highly leveraged to exploration success

Near term catalysts for significant re-rating:

○ Scheduled - February 2019		Drill targeting Ground TEM Long lake & Panache Projects
○ Scheduled - March 2019	\longrightarrow	Drill testing Munarra Gully Project
○ Scheduled - March 2019	\longrightarrow	Drill testing Earaheedy Project
○ Scheduled - March 2019	\longrightarrow	Drill targeting Lamil Project
○ Scheduled - March 2019	\longrightarrow	Drill targeting Braeside Project
○ Scheduled - April 2019	\longrightarrow	Drill targeting Barramine Project
○ Scheduled - May 2019	\longrightarrow	Drill testing Braeside Project
○ Ongoing	\longrightarrow	IGO drill testing Fraser Range Nickel – Copper Projects

Contacts and Disclaimer



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