

# Further RC drill results from White Heat and Numbers Prospects

- RC drilling at the White Heat prospect, 300m south of Break of Day continues to intersect high-grade gold including:
  - 2m @ 38.7g/t Au from 10m (21MORC050)
  - 3m @ 12.3g/t Au from 107m (21MORC065)
  - 2m @ 9.4g/t Au from 109m (21MORC052)
- The White Heat mineralisation remains open down plunge with diamond drilling scheduled to commence in two weeks
- Infill RC resource drilling at the Numbers prospect, 3.5km south of Break of Day intersected gold mineralisation consistent with model expectations. New intersections include:
  - 12m @ 9.1g/t Au from 48m (21MORC071), including:
    - 6m @ 17.0g/t Au from 54m
  - 12m @ 3.7g/t Au from 18m (21MORC077)
  - 18m @ 2.3g/t Au from 60m (21MORC057)
  - 18m @ 2.0g/t Au from 78m (21MORC062)
  - 18m @ 1.2g/t Au from 84m (21MORC070)
  - 12m @ 2.1g/t Au from 132m (21MORC068)
  - 12m @ 3.6g/t Au from 54m (21MORC064)
- The Numbers prospect remains open down plunge
- Follow-up basement drilling is continuing at Big Sky and Target 14 with 40 RC holes completed to date - assay results pending

Musgrave Minerals Ltd (ASX: **MGV**) ("Musgrave" or "the Company") is pleased to report further highgrade reverse circulation ("RC") gold assay results from the White Heat and Numbers prospects on its 100% owned ground at its flagship Cue Gold Project in Western Australia's Murchison district (*Figure 1*).

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Telephone: (61 8) 9324 1061 Fax: (61 8) 9324 1014 Web: <u>www.musgraveminerals.com.au</u> Email: <u>info@musgraveminerals.com.au</u> ACN: 143 890 671 Musgrave Managing Director Rob Waugh said: "These high-grade, near surface gold results from White Heat and infill drilling at the Numbers Prospect, together with the Big Sky discovery to the west, further highlight the discovery potential of the project. Diamond drilling will shortly be underway at White Heat to confirm and extend the mineralisation. At Big Sky, 900m to the west, the Company is continuing a 10,000m RC drilling program to better define the basement mineralisation and is awaiting assay results for the 40 RC drill holes completed to date."

## White Heat Prospect

RC drilling at White Heat, 300m south of Break of Day (*Figure 1*), continues to confirm high-grade gold mineralisation near surface and has extended the mineralised high-grade shoot to 120m down plunge where it remains open. The high-grade shoot at White Heat has a strike extent in fresh rock of up to 80m and has currently only been drilled to a maximum depth of approximately 120m (*Figures 2 and 3*). A further five RC drill holes have been completed at White Heat with assays now received for all completed holes (*Tables 1a and 1b*). Drill holes are sited at approximately 40m intervals along 20m spaced traverse lines. Significant new intercepts include:

One-metre samples

- 2m @ 38.7g/t Au from 10m (21MORC050), including:
   1m @ 74.9g/t Au from 10m
- 3m @ 12.3g/t Au from 107m (21MORC065), including:
   2m @ 17.9g/t Au from 108m
- 2m @ 9.4g/t Au from 109m (21MORC052)

Six-metre composite samples

• 6m @ 3.6g/t Au from 18m (21MORC051)

## Numbers Prospect

The Numbers prospect, approximately 3.5km south of Break of Day, has an Inferred Resource of 278,000t @ 2.46g/t Au for 22,000oz gold (see MGV ASX release 16 October 2020, "Annual Report to Shareholders"). It is envisaged that Numbers could be a satellite pit to a larger development at Break of Day/Lena.

Twenty-two resource definition RC drill holes were drilled at the Numbers Prospect (*Figures 1 and 4*) to confirm continuity of the mineralisation and improve the resource estimate to the higher confidence Indicated category. These RC resource definition drill holes are spaced on an approximate 20m x 20m grid. The majority of drill holes intersected mineralisation consistent with the existing model.

Mineralised intersections from 6m composite samples includes:

- 12m @ 9.1g/t Au from 48m (21MORC071), including:
   6m @ 17.0g/t Au from 54m
- 12m @ 3.7g/t Au from 18m (21MORC077)
- 18m @ 2.3g/t Au from 60m (21MORC057)
- 18m @ 2.0g/t Au from 78m (21MORC062)
- 18m @ 1.2g/t Au from 84m (21MORC070)
- 12m @ 2.1g/t Au from 132m (21MORC068)
- 12m @ 3.6g/t Au from 54m (21MORC064)

All drill hole and assay details are presented in Tables 1a and 1b. All intervals assaying above 1g/t have been reported in this release and are considered significant where they occur over broad widths. One-metre samples from anomalous gold composites have been submitted for individual analysis with results expected in late June.

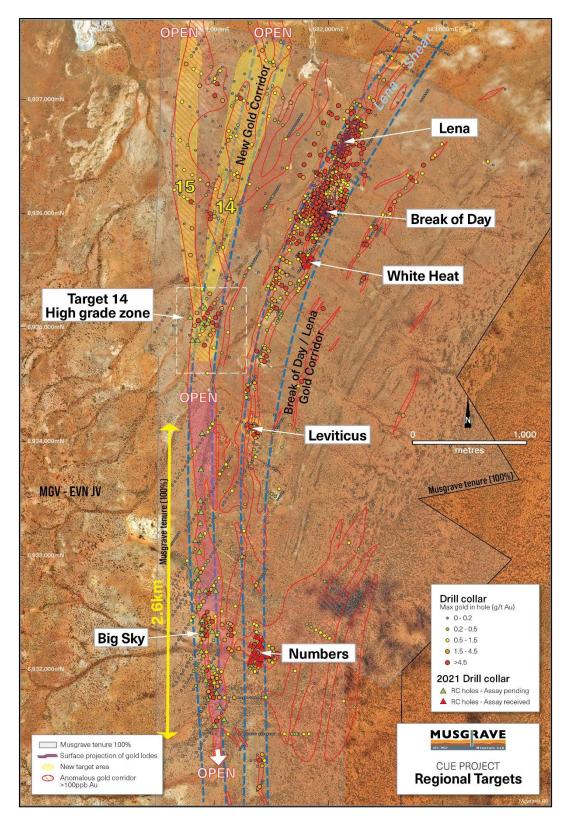


Figure 1: Regional plan showing drill hole collars and prospect locations

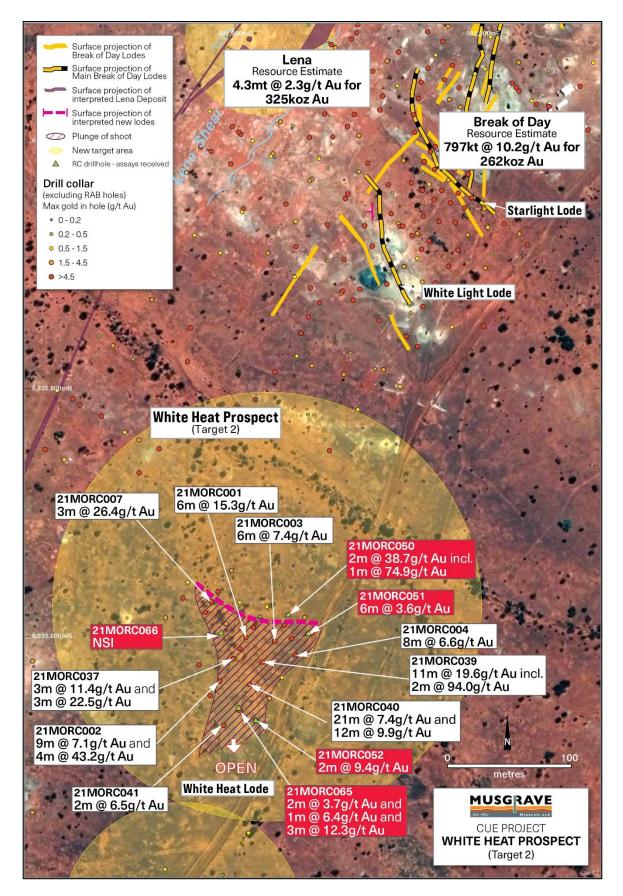


Figure 2: Regional plan showing drill hole collars and new assay results at White Heat

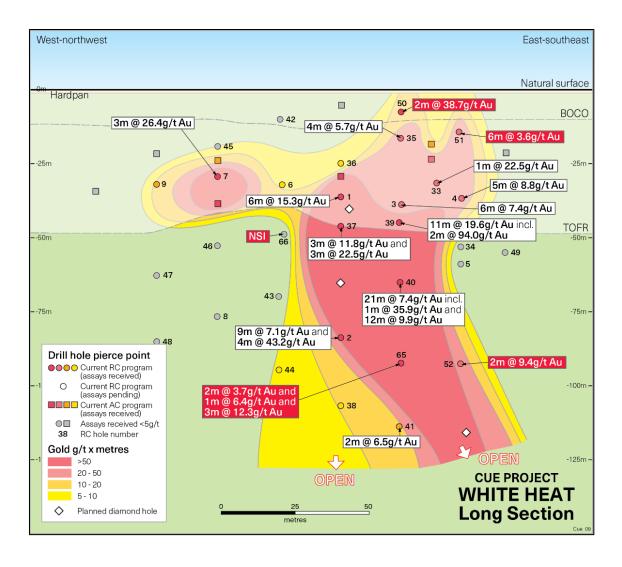


Figure 3: Longsection of White Heat mineralisation showing potential plunge of high-grade shoot

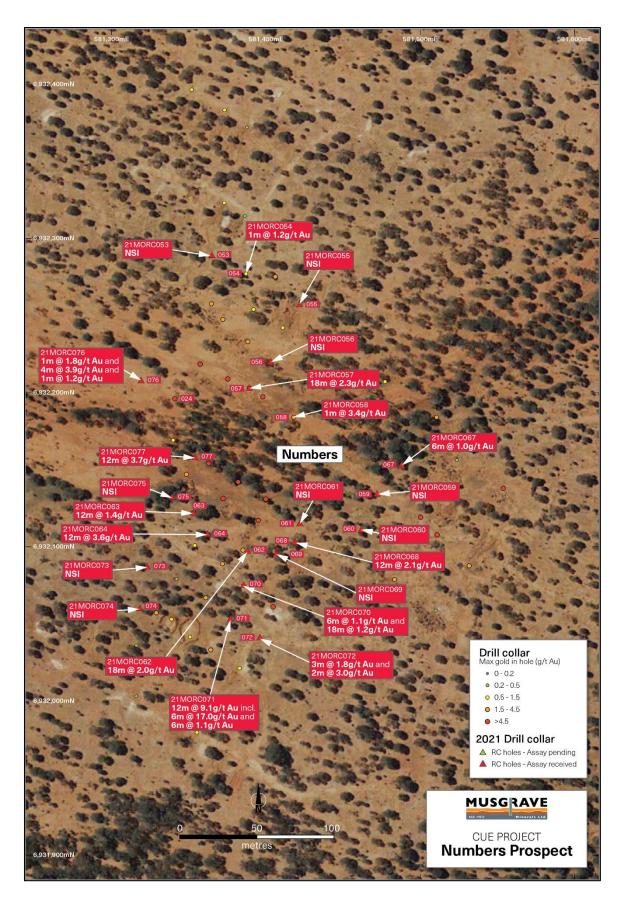


Figure 4: Drill hole location plan for Numbers prospect

## Cue Project - Break of Day

The Break of Day deposit is located approximately 30km south of Cue in the Murchison district of Western Australia. The deposit is only 5km from the Great Northern Highway, approximately 600km north of Perth.

The current resource estimate for the Cue Gold Project totals 6.4Mt @ 3.2g/t Au for 659koz including the Break of Day deposit (797Kt @ 10.2g/t Au for 262koz contained gold) and the Lena deposit (4.3Mt @ 2.3g/t Au for 325koz contained gold) located 130m to the west of Break of Day (see MGV ASX announcements dated 17 February 2020 and 11 November 2020).

## **Ongoing Activities**

Musgrave 100% tenements

- One-metre resamples from six-metre composite samples of approximately 40 regional aircore drill holes from Big Sky and Target 14 are expected in June.
- Follow-up RC drilling to define the basement source of gold anomalism at the new Big Sky target is continuing with 40 holes completed to date. First assay results are expected early June.
- Follow-up RC drilling to define the basement source of gold anomalism at Target 14 has also commenced with first assays results expected in June.
- Works to progress the prefeasibility study at Break of Day and Lena are continuing with additional diamond drilling for metallurgical testing underway.

### Evolution JV

• The seven-hole, diamond drilling program to follow-up the extensive regolith gold anomalies identified in the regional aircore drilling program on Lake Austin has now been completed with assay results expected in June.

Approved by the Board of Musgrave Minerals Limited.

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#### About Musgrave Minerals

Musgrave Minerals Limited is an active Australian gold and base metals explorer. The Cue Project in the Murchison region of Western Australia is an advanced gold project. Musgrave has had significant exploration success at Cue with the ongoing focus on increasing the gold resources through discovery and extensional drilling to underpin studies that will demonstrate a viable path to near-term development. Musgrave also holds a large exploration tenement package in the Ni-Cu-Co prospective Musgrave Province in South Australia.

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#### Additional JORC Information

Further details relating to the information provided in this release can be found in the following Musgrave Minerals' ASX announcements:

- 17 May 2021, "Big Sky gold mineralisation strike length more than doubled"
- 5 May 2021, "Sydney Resources Round-up, Cue Project Update"
- 28 April 2021, "Quarterly Activities and Cashflow Report" 21 April 2021, "New high-grade gold results at Target 14, Cue"
- 8 April 2021, "New Big Sky target extends high-grade gold anomaly to >1.2km"
- 19 March 2021, "High grades continue at White Heat, Cue" 8 March 2021, "New Gold Corridor Identified at Cue"

- 24 February 2021, "Outstanding high-grade gold at White Heat, Cue" 16 February 2021, "RIU Explorers Conference Company Presentation" 4 February 2021, "Appointment of Non-executive Director"
- 28 January 2021, "Quarterly Activities and Cashflow Report"
- 27 January 2021, "New basement gold targets defined on Evolution JV"
  19 January 2021, "High-grade near-surface gold extended at target 5, Cue"
- 18 January 2021, "Results of SPP Offer" 12 January 2021, "Share Purchase Plan closes early"

- 18 December 2020, "Share Purchase Plan Offer Document"
  14 December 2020, "Investor Update Presentation"
  14 December 2020, "\$18M raising to fund resource growth and commence PFS"
- 9 December 2020, "High-grade near surface gold at Target 17, Cue"
- 3 December 2020, "Scout drilling intersects high-grade gold and defines large gold zones under Lake Austin, Evolution JV"
- 23 November 2020, "New White Heat discovery and further regional drilling success"
- 19 November 2020, "AGM Presentation"
- 11 November 2020, "Break of Day High-Grade Mineral Resource Estimate" 4 November 2020, "Regional drilling hits more high-grade gold"
- 2 November 2020, "Exceptional metallurgical gold recoveries at Starlight" 27 October 2020, "Quarterly Activities and Cashflow Report" 16 October 2020, "Annual Report to Shareholders"

- 13 October 2020, "Starlight Shines Diggers and Dealers Company Presentation" 8 October 2020, "Drilling hits high-grade gold at new target, 400m south of Starlight"
- 24 September 2020, "Infill drilling at Break of Day confirms high grades"
- 19 August 2020, "Starlight gold mineralisation extended"
- 31 July 2020, "Quarterly Activities and Cashflow Report"
- 28 July 2020, "Bonanza gold grades continue at Starlight with 3m @ 884.7g/t Au"
- 6 July 2020, "85m@11.6g/t gold intersected near surface at Starlight"
- 29 June 2020, "New gold lode discovered 75m south of Starlight"
- 9 June 2020, "Bonanza near surface hit of 18m@179.4g/t gold at Starlight"
- 5 June 2020, "Scout drilling defines large gold targets at Cue, Evolution JV" 3 June 2020, "12m@112.9g/t Au intersected near surface at Starlight"
- 21 April 2020, "High grades confirmed at Starlight"
- 1 April 2020, "More High-grade gold at Starlight Link-Lode, Break of Day"
- 16 March 2020, "Starlight Link-lode shines at Break of Day"
- 28 February 2020, "High-grade gold intersected Link-lode, Break of Day" 17 February 2020, "Lena Resource Update"
- 3 December 2019, "New high-grade 'link-lode' intersected at Break of Day, Cue Project"
- 27 November 2019, "High-grade gold intersected in drilling at Mainland, Cue Project"
- 9 October 2019, "High-grade gold intersected at Break of Day and ultra-high-grade rock-chip sample from Mainland, Cue Project"
- 17 September 2019, "Musgrave and Evolution sign an \$18 million Earn-In JV and \$1.5M placement to accelerate exploration at Cue"
- 28 May 2019, "Scout Drilling Extends Gold Zone to >3km at Lake Austin North"
- 16 August 2017, "Further Strong Gold Recoveries at Lena"
- 14 July 2017, "Resource Estimate Exceeds 350koz Au"

#### **Competent Person's Statement**

#### **Exploration Results**

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Targets and Exploration Results is based on information compiled and/or thoroughly reviewed by Mr Robert Waugh, a Competent Person who is a Fellow of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (AusIMM) and a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists (AIG). Mr Waugh is Managing Director and a full-time employee of Musgrave Minerals Ltd. Mr Waugh has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Waugh consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

#### Forward Looking Statements

This document may contain certain forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements concerning Musgrave Minerals Limited's (Musgrave's) current expectations, estimates and projections about the industry in which Musgrave operates, and beliefs and assumptions regarding Musgrave's future performance. When used in this document, words such as "anticipate", "could", "plan", "estimate", "expects", "seeks", "intends", "may", "potential", "should", and similar expressions are forward-looking statements. Although Musgrave believes that its expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, such statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, some of which are beyond the control of Musgrave and no assurance can be given that actual results will be consistent with these forwardlooking statements.

# Table 1a: Summary of new RC drill hole gold intersections from the White Heat and Numbers prospects

| Drill Hole ID | Drill Type | Prospect   | Sample<br>Type | ЕОН | From<br>(m) | Interval<br>(m) | Au (g/t) | Comment                                 |
|---------------|------------|------------|----------------|-----|-------------|-----------------|----------|---|
| 0.11.00.0050  | DC         |            | 1m Individual  | 10  | 10          | 2               | 38.7     | Near surface high-grade gold            |
| 21MORC050     | RC         | White Heat | including      | 40  | 10          | 1               | 74.9     | mineralisation                          |
| 21MORC051     | RC         | White Heat | 6m Composite   | 30  | 18          | 6               | 3.6      | Regolith gold mineralisation            |
| 21MORC052     | RC         | White Heat | 1m Individual  | 150 | 109         | 2               | 9.4      | High-grade gold mineralisation          |
| 21MORC053     | RC         | Numbers    | 1m Individual  | 65  |             | NSI             |          | Mineralisation not extended             |
| 21MORC054     | RC         | Numbers    | 1m Individual  | 110 | 81          | 1               | 1.2      | Mineralisation not extended             |
| 21MORC055     | RC         | Numbers    | 1m Individual  | 119 |             | NSI             |          | Mineralisation not extended             |
| 21MORC056     | RC         | Numbers    | 1m Individual  | 149 |             | NSI             |          | Mineralisation not extended             |
| 21MORC057     | RC         | Numbers    | 6m Composite   | 90  | 60          | 18              | 2.3      | Infill drilling confirms mineralisation |
| 21MORC058     | RC         | Numbers    | 1m Individual  | 161 | 131         | 1               | 3.4      | Mineralisation not extended             |
| 21MORC059     | RC         | Numbers    | 6m Composite   | 90  |             | NSI             |          | Mineralisation not extended             |
| 21MORC060     | RC         | Numbers    | 6m Composite   | 90  |             | NSI             |          | Mineralisation not extended             |
| 21MORC061     | RC         | Numbers    | 6m Composite   | 150 |             | NSI             |          | Mineralisation not extended             |
| 21MORC062     | RC         | Numbers    | 6m Composite   | 75  | 78          | 18              | 2.0      | Infill drilling confirms mineralisation |
| 21MORC063     | RC         | Numbers    | 1m Individual  | 125 | 18          | 12              | 1.4      | Infill drilling confirms mineralisation |
| 21MORC064     | RC         | Numbers    | 1m Individual  | 100 | 54          | 12              | 3.6      | Infill drilling confirms mineralisation |
|               |            |            | 1m Individual  |     | 82          | 2               | 3.7      | Hangingwall zone                        |
| 0.1100.0005   | 50         |            | and            | 405 | 95          | 1               | 6.4      | Hangingwall zone                        |
| 21MORC065     | RC         | White Heat | and            | 125 | 107         | 3               | 12.3     | High-grade gold mineralisation          |
|               |            |            | Including      |     | 108         | 2               | 17.9     | extended down plunge                    |
| 21MORC066     | RC         | White Heat | 6m Composite   | 60  |             | NSI             |          | Defines western edge of shoot           |
| 21MORC067     | RC         | Numbers    | 6m Composite   | 90  | 54          | 6               | 1.0      | Infill drilling confirms mineralisation |
| 21MORC068     | RC         | Numbers    | 6m Composite   | 155 | 132         | 12              | 2.1      | Infill drilling confirms mineralisation |
| 21MORC069     | RC         | Numbers    | 6m Composite   | 150 | NSI         |                 |          | Mineralisation not extended             |
| 24MODC070     | DC         | Numbere    | 6m Composite   | 125 | 60          | 6               | 1.1      | Infill drilling confirms mineralisation |
| 21MORC070     | RC         | Numbers    | and            | 120 | 84          | 18              | 1.2      | Infill drilling confirms mineralisation |
|               |            |            | 6m Composite   |     | 48          | 12              | 9.1      | Infill drilling confirms mineralisation |
| 21MORC071     | RC         | Numbers    | including      | 130 | 54          | 6               | 17.0     | Initia drilling contirms mineralisation |
|               |            |            | and            |     | 78          | 6               | 1.1      | Infill drilling confirms mineralisation |
| 21MORC072     | RC         | Numbers    | 6m Composite   | 173 | 106         | 3               | 1.8      | Weak mineralisation extended            |
| 21WORC072     | ĸĊ         | Numbers    | and            | 175 | 117         | 2               | 3.0      | Weak mineralisation extended            |
| 21MORC073     | RC         | Numbers    | 6m Composite   | 47  |             | NSI             |          | Mineralisation not extended             |
| 21MORC074     | RC         | Numbers    | 6m Composite   | 50  | NSI         |                 |          | Mineralisation not extended             |
| 21MORC075     | RC         | Numbers    | 6m Composite   | 60  | NSI         |                 |          | Mineralisation not extended             |
|               | RC         |            | 1m Individual  |     | 81          | 1               | 1.8      |   |
| 21MORC076     |            | Numbers    | and            | 155 | 92          | 4               | 3.9      | Infill drilling confirms mineralisation |
|               |            |            | and            |     | 129         | 1               | 1.2      |   |
| 21MORC077     | RC         | Numbers    | 6m Composite   | 140 | 18          | 12              | 3.7      | Infill drilling confirms mineralisation |

# Table 1b: Summary of new MGV drill collars from current RC drill program at White Heat andNumbers prospects

| Drill Hole ID | Drill Type | Prospect   | Easting<br>(m) | Northing<br>(m) | Azimuth<br>(deg) | Dip<br>(deg) | RL<br>(m) | Total Depth<br>(m) | Assays              |
|---------------|------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------|-----------|--------------------|---------------------|
| 21MORC050     | RC         | White Heat | 581843         | 6935617         | 032              | -60          | 418       | 40                 | Reported above      |
| 21MORC051     | RC         | White Heat | 581859         | 6935602         | 032              | -60          | 418       | 30                 | Reported above      |
| 21MORC052     | RC         | White Heat | 581817         | 6935532         | 032              | -60          | 418       | 150                | Reported above      |
| 21MORC053     | RC         | White Heat | 581365         | 6932289         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 65                 | Reported above      |
| 21MORC054     | RC         | Numbers    | 581387         | 6932277         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 110                | Reported above      |
| 21MORC055     | RC         | Numbers    | 581422         | 6932257         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 119                | Reported above      |
| 21MORC056     | RC         | Numbers    | 581403         | 6932220         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 149                | Reported above      |
| 21MORC057     | RC         | Numbers    | 581389         | 6932203         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 90                 | Reported above      |
| 21MORC058     | RC         | Numbers    | 581418         | 6932184         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 161                | Reported above      |
| 21MORC059     | RC         | Numbers    | 581472         | 6932134         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 90                 | Reported above      |
| 21MORC060     | RC         | Numbers    | 581462         | 6932111         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 90                 | Reported above      |
| 21MORC061     | RC         | Numbers    | 581422         | 6932115         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 150                | Reported above      |
| 21MORC062     | RC         | Numbers    | 581388         | 6932097         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 125                | Reported above      |
| 21MORC063     | RC         | Numbers    | 581356         | 6932120         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 75                 | Reported above      |
| 21MORC064     | RC         | Numbers    | 581372         | 6932109         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 100                | Reported above      |
| 21MORC065     | RC         | White Heat | 581803         | 6935542         | 032              | -60          | 418       | 125                | Reported above      |
| 21MORC066     | RC         | White Heat | 581789         | 6935603         | 032              | -60          | 418       | 60                 | Reported above      |
| 21MORC067     | RC         | Numbers    | 581487         | 6932154         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 90                 | Reported above      |
| 21MORC068     | RC         | Numbers    | 581416         | 6932104         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 155                | Reported above      |
| 21MORC069     | RC         | Numbers    | 581405         | 6932086         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 150                | Reported above      |
| 21MORC070     | RC         | Numbers    | 581386         | 6932075         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 125                | Reported above      |
| 21MORC071     | RC         | Numbers    | 581377         | 6932053         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 130                | Reported above      |
| 21MORC0272    | RC         | Numbers    | 581396         | 6932041         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 173                | Reported above      |
| 21MORC073     | RC         | Numbers    | 581323         | 6932087         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 47                 | Reported above      |
| 21MORC074     | RC         | Numbers    | 581318         | 6932060         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 50                 | Reported above      |
| 21MORC075     | RC         | Numbers    | 581339         | 6932132         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 60                 | Previously reported |
| 21MORC076     | RC         | Numbers    | 581319         | 6932208         | 120              | -60          | 418       | 155                | Previously reported |
| 21MORC077     | RC         | Numbers    | 581354         | 6932158         | 300              | -60          | 418       | 140                | Previously reported |

Notes to Tables 1a and 1b

- 1. An accurate dip and strike and the controls on mineralisation are only interpreted and the true width of the mineralisation is unconfirmed at this time.
- 2. In Aircore and RC drilling six metre composite samples are collected and analysed for gold together with selected 1m intervals on visual geology while individual one metre samples are collected and analysed pending composite results. Composite samples assaying >0.1g/t Au are re-analysed at one metre intervals.
- All samples are analysed using either a 50g fire assay with ICP-MS (inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry) finish gold analysis (0.005ppm detection limit) by Genalysis-Intertek in Maddington, Western Australia or a 500g sample by Photon Assay at MinAnalytical in Canning Vale.
- 4. g/t (grams per tonne), ppm (parts per million), ppb (parts per billion), NSI (no significant intercept)
- Higher grade intersections reported here are generally calculated over intervals >0.5g/t gram metres where zones of internal dilution are not weaker than 2m < 0.1g/t Au. Bulked thicker intercepts may have more internal dilution between higher grade zones.
- 6. All drill holes referenced in this announcement are reported in Tables 1a, 1b above.
- 7. Drill type; AC = Aircore, RC = Reverse Circulation, Diam = Diamond.

8. Coordinates are in GDA94, MGA Z50.

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# JORC TABLE 1 Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

| Criteria                 | Explanation  | Commentary   |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| Sampling techniques      | Nature and quality of sampling (e.g. cut channels,<br>random chips, or specific specialised industry standard<br>measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under<br>investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or<br>handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should<br>not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.  | MGV sampling is undertaken using standard industry practices<br>including the use of duplicates and standards at regular intervals.<br>A Thermo Scientific Niton GoldD XL3+ 950 Analyser is available<br>on site to aid geological interpretation. No XRF results are<br>reported.<br>Historical sampling criteria are unclear for pre 2009 drilling.<br><u>Current RC and aircore drill programs</u><br>RC and aircore samples are composited at 6m intervals using a<br>stainless-steel scoop with all composite intervals over 0.1g/t Au<br>resampled at 1m intervals using a cyclone splitter. Individual 1m<br>samples are submitted for initial gold assay where significant<br>obvious mineralisation is intersected (e.g. quartz vein lode within<br>altered and sheared host) and are split with a cyclone splitter.  |
|                          | Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample<br>representivity and the appropriate calibration of any<br>measurement tools or systems used.  | All co-ordinates are in UTM grid (GDA94 Z50) and drill hole collars have been surveyed by GPS to an accuracy of 0.5m.  |
|                          | Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are<br>Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry<br>standard' work has been done this would be relatively<br>simple (eg 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain<br>1m samples from which 3kg was pulverised to produce<br>a 30g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more<br>explanation may be required, such as where there is<br>coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems.<br>Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (eg<br>submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed<br>information. | Current drill programs<br>RC and aircore drill samples are composited at 6m intervals using<br>a stainless-steel scoop with all composite intervals over 0.1g/t Au<br>resampled at 1m intervals using a cyclone splitter. Individual 1m<br>samples are submitted for initial gold assay where significant<br>obvious mineralisation is intersected and are split with a cyclone<br>splitter (e.g. quartz vein lode within altered and sheared host).<br>The 3kg samples are pulverised to produce a 50g charge for fire<br>assay with ICP-MS finish for gold.<br>All 1m samples are sampled to 1-3kg in weight to ensure total<br>preparation at the laboratory pulverization stage.<br>The sample size is deemed appropriate for the grain size of the<br>material being sampled.<br>Some samples are sent to the Genalysis – Intertek laboratory in<br>Maddington where they are pulverized to 85% passing -75um<br>and analysed using a 50g fire assay with ICP-MS (inductively<br>coupled plasma - mass spectrometry) finish gold analysis<br>(0.005ppm detection limit).<br>Some samples are sent to the NATA accredited MinAnalytical<br>Laboratory in Canning Vale, Perth and analysed via PhotonAssay<br>technique (method code PAAU2) along with quality control<br>samples and duplicates. Individual samples are assayed for gold<br>after drying and crushing to nominally 85% passing 2mm and a<br>500g linear split taken for PhotonAssay (method code<br>PAP3512R).<br>The PhotonAssay technique was developed by CSIRO and<br>Chrysos Corporation and is a fast, chemical free non-destructive,<br>alternative using high-energy X-rays to traditional fire assay and<br>uses a significantly larger sample size (500g v's 50g for fire assay).<br>This technique is accredited by the National Association of<br>Texting Authorities (NATA) |
| Drilling techniques      | Drill type (e.g. core, reverse circulation, open-hole<br>hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and<br>details (e.g. core diameter, triple or standard tube,<br>depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type,<br>whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).  | Testing Authorities (NATA).<br>RC and aircore drilling was undertaken by Frontline Drilling and<br>Strike Drilling Pty Ltd respectively utilising a KWL700 with an<br>350psi/1150 cfm booster and a X350 tracked drill rig with an on-<br>board compressor with 350psi/950cfm and an auxiliary booster<br>with 350psi/1150 cfm. RC holes were drilled with a 4.5 inch<br>diameter bit. The aircore drill rig has the capacity to switch<br>between aircore and RC pending ground conditions.<br>A combination of historical RAB, aircore, RC and diamond drilling<br>has been utilised by multiple companies over a thirty-year period<br>across the broader project area.   |
| Drill sample<br>recovery | Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.  | RC 6m composite samples are collected and re-assayed at 1m intervals where comps are above 0.1g/t Au. Sample weights, dryness and recoveries are observed and noted in a field Toughbook computer by MGV field staff.  |
|                          | Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and<br>ensure representative nature of the samples.   | MGV contracted drillers use industry appropriate methods to<br>maximise sample recovery and minimise downhole<br>contamination including using compressed air to maintain a dry<br>sample in aircore drilling.<br>Historical sampling recovery is unclear for pre 2009 drilling.   |

|  | Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery<br>and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred<br>due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.   | No significant sample loss or bias has been noted in current drilling or in the historical reports or from other MGV drill campaigns.   |
|--|--|---|
| Logging  | Whether core and chip samples have been geologically<br>and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support<br>appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining<br>studies and metallurgical studies.                                   | All geological, structural and alteration related observations are<br>stored in the database. Air core holes would not be used in any<br>resource estimation, mining or metallurgical studies.  |
|  | Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature.<br>Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.  | Logging of lithology, structure, alteration, mineralisation, weathering, colour and other features of core or RC/aircore chips is undertaken on a routine 1m basis or on geological intervals for diamond core.   |
|  | The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.  | All drill holes are logged in full on completion.   |
| Sub-sampling<br>techniques and                   | If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.  | N/A   |
| sample preparation                               | If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split,<br>etc and whether sampled wet or dry.   | RC samples are taken from 1m sample piles and composited at 6m intervals using a stainless-steel scoop, with all intervals over 0.1g/t Au resampled at 1m using a stainless-steel scoop   |
|  | For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.   | Drill sample preparation and precious metal analysis is<br>undertaken by registered laboratories (Genalysis – Intertek and<br>MinAnalytical). Sample preparation by dry pulverisation to 85%<br>passing 75 micron.  |
|  | Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling<br>stages to maximise representivity of samples.   | MGV field QC procedures involve the use of certified reference<br>standards (1:50), duplicates (~1:30) and blanks at appropriate<br>intervals for early-stage exploration programs. High, medium<br>and low gold standards are used. Where high grade gold is<br>noted in logging, a blank quartz wash is inserted between<br>individual samples at the laboratory before analysis.<br>Historical QA/QC procedures are unclear for pre 2009 drilling.   |
|  | Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is<br>representative of the in-situ material collected, including<br>for instance results for field duplicate/second-half<br>sampling.  | Sampling is carried out using standard protocols and QAQC procedures as per industry practice.<br>Duplicate samples are inserted (~1:30) and more frequently when in high-grade gold veins, and routinely checked against originals. Duplicate sampling criteria is unclear for historical pre 2009 drilling.<br>Historical QA/QC procedures are unclear for pre 2009 drilling.   |
|  | Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.  | Sample sizes are considered appropriate for grain size of sample<br>material to give an accurate indication of gold mineralisation.<br>Samples are collected from full width of sample interval to<br>ensure it is representative of sample complete interval.  |
| Quality of assay<br>data and laboratory<br>tests | The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying<br>and laboratory procedures used and whether the<br>technique is considered partial or total.   | On composite and 1m Aircore samples, analysis is undertaken by<br>Intertek-Genalysis (a registered laboratory), with 50g fire assay<br>with ICP-MS finish undertaken for gold.<br>Some samples are sent to the NATA accredited MinAnalytical<br>Laboratory in Canning Vale, Perth and analysed via PhotonAssay<br>technique. Individual samples are assayed for gold after drying<br>and crushing to nominally 85% passing 2mm and a 500g linear<br>split taken for PhotonAssay (method code PAP3512R). |
|  |  | Internal certified laboratory QAQC is undertaken including check<br>samples, blanks and internal standards.<br>This methodology is considered appropriate for base metal<br>mineralisation and gold at the exploration phase.   |
|  | For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF<br>instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining<br>the analysis including instrument make and model,<br>reading times, calibrations factors applied and their<br>derivation, etc. | No geophysical tools were used to estimate mineral or element<br>percentages. Musgrave utilise a Thermo Scientific Niton GoldD<br>XL3+ 950 Analyser to aid geological interpretation.   |
|  | Nature of quality control procedures adopted (e.g.<br>standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory<br>checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (i.e.<br>lack of bias) and precision have been established.                    | MGV field QC procedures involve the use of certified reference<br>standards (1:50), duplicates (~1:30) and blanks (1:50) at<br>appropriate intervals for early-stage exploration programs.<br>Historical QA/QC procedures are unclear for pre 2009 drilling.  |
| Verification of<br>sampling and                  | The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.  | MGV samples are verified by the geologist before importing into<br>the main MGV database (Datashed).  |
| assaying   | The use of twinned holes.  | No twin holes have been drilled by Musgrave Minerals Ltd during this program.   |
|  | Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures,<br>data verification, data storage (physical and electronic)<br>protocols.   | Primary data is collected using a standard set of templates.<br>Geological sample logging is undertaken on one metre intervals<br>for all RC drilling with colour, structure, alteration and lithology<br>recorded for each interval. Data is verified before loading to the<br>database. Geological logging of all samples is undertaken.  |
|  | Discuss any adjustment to assay data.  | No adjustments or calibrations are made to any assay data reported.   |

1.3.7

| Location of data  | Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes   | All maps and locations are in UTM grid (GDA94 Z50) and have   |
|---|--|---|
| points  | (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings<br>and other locations used in Mineral Resource<br>estimation.   | been surveyed or measured by hand-held GPS with an accuracy of >±2 metres.  |
|   | Specification of the grid system used.   | Drill hole and sample site co-ordinates are in UTM grid (GDA94 Z50) and historical drill holes are converted from local grid references.  |
|   | Quality and adequacy of topographic control.   | All current aircore drill hole collars are planned and set up using hand-held GPS (accuracy +-2m).  |
| Data spacing and<br>distribution                              | Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.   | Variable drill hole spacings are used to complete 1 <sup>st</sup> pass testing<br>of targets and are determined from geochemical, geophysical<br>and geological data together with historical drilling information.<br>For the reported drilling drill hole spacing was approximately<br>20m along traverse lines.  |
|   | Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient<br>to establish the degree of geological and grade<br>continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore<br>Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications<br>applied. | No resources have been calculated on regional drilling targets as described in this release due to the early-stage nature of the drilling   |
|   | Whether sample compositing has been applied.   | 6m composite samples are submitted for initial analysis in most<br>cases. Composite sampling is undertaken using a stainless-steel<br>scoop at one metre samples and combined in a calico bag. Where<br>composite assays are above 0.1g/t Au, individual 1m samples are<br>submitted for gold assay. One metre individual samples may be<br>submitted without composites in certain intervals of visibly<br>favourable gold geology.              |
| Orientation of data<br>in relation to<br>geological structure | Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased<br>sampling of possible structures and the extent to which<br>this is known, considering the deposit type.   | Drilling is designed to cross the mineralisation as close to<br>perpendicular as possible on current interpretation whilst<br>allowing for some minor access restrictions and mitigating safety<br>risks.<br>Most drill holes are designed at a dip of approximately -60<br>degrees.  |
|   | If the relationship between the drilling orientation and<br>the orientation of key mineralised structures is<br>considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this<br>should be assessed and reported if material.                      | No orientation-based sampling bias can be confirmed at this time<br>and true widths are not yet known.  |
| Sample security   | The measures taken to ensure sample security.  | Chain of custody is managed by MGV internal staff. Drill samples<br>are stored on site and transported by a licenced reputable<br>transport company to a registered laboratory in Perth (Genalysis-<br>Intertek at Maddington or MinAnalytical in Canning Vale). When<br>at the laboratory samples are stored in a locked yard before<br>being processed and tracked through preparation and analysis<br>(Lab-Trak system at Genalysis-Intertek). |
| Audits or reviews   | The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.  | No audits have been completed on sampling techniques and data due to the early-stage nature of the drilling   |

# Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

| Criteria         | Explanation  | Commentary  |
|------------------|--|---|
| Mineral tenement | Type, reference name/number, location and ownership      | Musgrave Minerals secured 100% of the Moyagee Project area        |
| and land tenure  | including agreements or material issues with third       | in August 2017 (see MGV ASX announcement 2 August 2017:           |
| status           | parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding | "Musgrave Secures 100% of Key Cue Tenure").                       |
|                  | royalties, native title interests, historical sites,     | The Break of Day, Starlight and Lena prospects are located on     |
|                  | wilderness or national park and environmental settings.  | granted mining lease M21/106 and the primary tenement             |
|                  |  | holder is Musgrave Minerals Ltd. Regional targets in this release |
|                  |  | are on M21/106 and E58/335.                                       |
|                  |  | The Cue project tenements consist of 38 licences.                 |
|                  |  | The tenements are subject to standard Native Title heritage       |
|                  |  | agreements and state royalties. Third party royalties are present |
|                  |  | on some individual tenements.                                     |
|                  |  | The Mainland prospects are on tenements P21/731, 732, 735,        |
|                  |  | 736, 737, 739, 741 where MGV has an option to acquire 100%        |
|                  |  | of the basement gold rights on the tenements (not part of the     |
|                  |  | EVN JV).  |
|                  |  | A new Earn-in and Exploration Joint Venture was executed with     |
|                  |  | Evolution Mining Ltd on 16 September 2019 covering Lake           |
|                  |  | Austin and some surrounding tenure but excludes all existing      |
|                  |  | resources including Break of Day and Lena (see MGV ASX            |
|                  |  | release dated 17 September 2019, "Musgrave and Evolution sign     |
|                  |  | an \$18 million Earn-in JV and \$1.5 million placement to         |
|                  |  | accelerate exploration at Cue") and the new Mainland option       |
|                  |  | area.   |

|  | The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting<br>along with any known impediments to obtaining a<br>licence to operate in the area.  | The tenements are in good standing and no known impediments exist.   |
|--|---|--|
| Exploration done by other parties  | Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.   | Historical drilling, soil sampling and geophysical surveys have<br>been undertaken in different areas on the tenements<br>intermittently by multiple third parties over a period of more<br>than 30 years.<br>At Break of Day, Lena and Mainland historical exploration and<br>drilling has been undertaken by a number of companies and at<br>Break of Day and Lena most recently by Silver Lake Resources<br>Ltd in 2009-13 and prior to that by Perilya Mines Ltd form 1991-<br>2007. Musgrave Minerals has undertaken exploration since<br>2016. |
| Geology  | Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.   | Geology comprises typical Archaean Yilgarn greenstone belt<br>lithologies and granitic intrusives.<br>Two main styles of mineralisation are present, typical Yilgarn<br>Archaean lode gold and volcanic massive sulphide (VMS) base<br>metal and gold mineralisation within the Eelya Felsic Complex.  |
| Drill hole<br>Information  | A summary of all information material to the<br>understanding of the exploration results including a<br>tabulation of the following information for all Material<br>drill holes:<br>easting and northing of the drill hole collar, elevation or<br>RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres)<br>of the drill hole collar, dip and azimuth of the hole, down<br>hole length and interception depth and hole length. | All RC drill hole collars with assays received for the current<br>regional drill program at Cue and reported in this<br>announcement are in Tables 1a and 1b of this announcement.<br>All relevant historical drill hole information has previously been<br>reported by Musgrave, Perilya, Silver Lake Resources and<br>various other companies over the years.  |
| Data aggregation<br>methods  | In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging<br>techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade<br>truncations (e.g. cutting of high grades) and cut-off<br>grades are usually Material and should be stated.   | Significant assay intervals are recorded above 1g/t Au with a minimum internal interval dilution of 2m @ 0.5g/t Au. No cut-<br>off has been applied to any sampling.   |
|  | Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of<br>high-grade results and longer lengths of low-grade<br>results, the procedure used for such aggregation should<br>be stated and some typical examples of such<br>aggregations should be shown in detail.  | No cut-off has been applied to any sampling. Reported intervals<br>are aggregated using individual assays above 1g/t Au with no<br>more than 2m of internal dilution <0.5g/t Au for any interval.<br>Short high-grade intervals are tabulated in Table 1a.   |
|  | The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.   | No metal equivalent values have been reported.   |
| Relationship<br>between<br>mineralisation<br>widths and intercept<br>lengths | These relationships are particularly important in the<br>reporting of Exploration Results.<br>If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the<br>drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported.<br>If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are<br>reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect<br>(e.g. 'down hole length, true width not known').                                   | True widths are not confirmed at this time although all drilling is<br>planned close to perpendicular to interpreted strike of the<br>target lodes at the time of drilling.  |
| Diagrams   | Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and<br>tabulations of intercepts should be included for any<br>significant discovery being reported These should<br>include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole<br>collar locations and appropriate sectional views.   | Diagrams referencing historical data can be found in the body of this report.  |
| Balanced reporting   | Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration<br>Results is not practicable, representative reporting of<br>both low and high grades and/or widths should be<br>practiced avoiding misleading reporting of Exploration<br>Results.   | All older MGV drilling data has previously been reported. Some<br>higher-grade historical results may be reported selectively in<br>this release to highlight the follow-up areas for priority drilling.<br>All data pierce points and collars are shown in the diagrams<br>within this release.   |
| Other substantive<br>exploration data  | Other exploration data, if meaningful and material,<br>should be reported including (but not limited to):<br>geological observations; geophysical survey results;<br>geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and<br>method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk<br>density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock<br>characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating<br>substances.                        | All material results from geochemical and geophysical surveys<br>and drilling, related to these prospects has been reported or<br>disclosed previously.  |
| Further work   | The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g. tests<br>for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale<br>step-out drilling).  | A range of exploration techniques will be considered to progress exploration including additional surface sampling and drilling.   |
|  | Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible<br>extensions, including the main geological<br>interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this<br>information is not commercially sensitive.  | Refer to figures in the body of this announcement.   |